Package 'crew'

June 6, 2025

```
Title A Distributed Worker Launcher Framework
Description In computationally demanding analysis projects,
      statisticians and data scientists asynchronously
      deploy long-running tasks to distributed systems,
      ranging from traditional clusters to cloud services.
      The 'NNG'-powered 'mirai' R package by Gao (2023)
      <doi:10.5281/zenodo.7912722> is a sleek
      and sophisticated scheduler that
      efficiently processes these intense workloads.
      The 'crew' package extends 'mirai' with a unifying
      interface for third-party worker launchers.
      Inspiration also comes from packages.
      'future' by Bengtsson (2021) <doi:10.32614/RJ-2021-048>,
      'rrq' by FitzJohn and Ashton (2023) <a href="https://github.com/mrc-ide/rrq">https://github.com/mrc-ide/rrq</a>,
      'clustermg' by Schubert (2019) <doi:10.1093/bioinformatics/btz284>),
      and 'batchtools' by Lang, Bischel, and Surmann (2017)
      <doi:10.21105/joss.00135>.
Version 1.2.0
License MIT + file LICENSE
URL https://wlandau.github.io/crew/, https://github.com/wlandau/crew
BugReports https://github.com/wlandau/crew/issues
Depends R (>= 4.0.0)
Imports cli (>= 3.1.0), data.table, later, mirai (>= 2.0.1), nanonext
      (>= 1.6.0), processx, promises, ps, R6, rlang, stats, tibble,
      tidyselect, tools, utils
Suggests autometric (>= 0.1.0), knitr (>= 1.30), markdown (>= 1.1),
      rmarkdown (\geq 2.4), testthat (\geq 3.0.0)
Encoding UTF-8
Language en-US
VignetteBuilder knitr
Config/testthat/edition 3
RoxygenNote 7.3.2
```

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NeedsCompilation no
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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2025-06-06 19:20:02 UTC

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 crew-package
 crew: a distributed worker launcher framework

Description

In computationally demanding analysis projects, statisticians and data scientists asynchronously deploy long-running tasks to distributed systems, ranging from traditional clusters to cloud services. The NNG-powered mirai R package is a sleek and sophisticated scheduler that efficiently processes these intense workloads. The crew package extends mirai with a unifying interface for third-party worker launchers. Inspiration also comes from packages future, rrq, clustermq, and batchtools.

crew_assert Crew assertion

Description

Assert that a condition is true.

Usage

```
crew_assert(value = NULL, ..., message = NULL, envir = parent.frame())
```

Arguments

value An object or condition.

... Conditions that use the "." symbol to refer to the object.

message Optional message to print on error.
envir Environment to evaluate the condition.

Value

NULL (invisibly). Throws an error if the condition is not true.

See Also

```
Other utility: crew_clean(), crew_deprecate(), crew_eval(), crew_random_name(), crew_retry(), crew_terminate_process(), crew_terminate_signal(), crew_worker()
```

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Examples

```
crew_assert(1 < 2)
crew_assert("object", !anyNA(.), nzchar(.))
tryCatch(
  crew_assert(2 < 1),
   crew_error = function(condition) message("false")
)</pre>
```

crew_async

Local asynchronous client object.

Description

Create an R6 object to manage local asynchronous quick tasks with error detection.

Usage

```
crew_async(workers = NULL)
```

Arguments

workers

Number of local mirai daemons to run asynchronous tasks. If NULL, then tasks will be evaluated synchronously.

Details

crew_async() objects are created inside launchers to allow launcher plugins to run local tasks
asynchronously, such as calls to cloud APIs to launch serious remote workers.

Value

An R6 async client object.

See Also

```
Other async: crew_class_async
```

Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
x <- crew_async()
x$start()
out <- x$eval(1 + 1)
mirai::call_mirai(out)
out$data # 2
x$terminate()
}</pre>
```

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crew_class_async

R6 async class.

Description

R6 class for async configuration.

Details

```
See crew_async().
```

Active bindings

```
workers See crew_async().
instance Name of the current instance.
```

Methods

Public methods:

```
• crew_class_async$new()
```

- crew_class_async\$validate()
- crew_class_async\$start()
- crew_class_async\$terminate()
- crew_class_async\$started()
- crew_class_async\$asynchronous()
- crew_class_async\$eval()

Method new(): TLS configuration constructor.

```
Usage:
```

```
crew_class_async$new(workers = NULL)
```

Arguments:

workers Argument passed from crew_async().

Returns: An R6 object with TLS configuration.

Method validate(): Validate the object.

Usage:

crew_class_async\$validate()

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

Method start(): Start the local workers and error handling socket.

```
crew_class_async$start()
```

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Details: Does not create workers or an error handling socket if workers is NULL or the object is already started.

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

Method terminate(): Start the local workers and error handling socket.

Usage:

crew_class_async\$terminate()

Details: Waits for existing tasks to complete first.

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

Method started(): Show whether the object is started.

Usage:

crew_class_async\$started()

Returns: Logical of length 1, whether the object is started.

Method asynchronous(): Show whether the object is asynchronous (has real workers).

Usage:

crew_class_async\$asynchronous()

Returns: Logical of length 1, whether the object is asynchronous.

Method eval(): Run a local asynchronous task using a local compute profile.

Usage:

```
crew_class_async$eval(
  command,
  substitute = TRUE,
  data = list(),
  packages = character(0L),
  library = NULL
)
```

Arguments:

command R code to run.

substitute Logical of length 1, whether to substitute command. If FALSE, then command must be an expression object or language object.

data Named list of data objects required to run command.

packages Character vector of packages to load.

library Character vector of library paths to load the packages from.

Details: Used for launcher plugins with asynchronous launches and terminations. If processes is NULL, the task will run locally. Otherwise, the task will run on a local process in the local mirai compute profile.

Returns: If the processes field is NULL, a list with an object named data containing the result of evaluating expr synchronously. Otherwise, the task is evaluated asynchronously, and the result is a mirai task object. Either way, the data element of the return value will contain the result of the task.

See Also

Other async: crew_async()

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crew_class_client

R6 client class.

Description

R6 class for mirai clients.

Details

```
See crew_client().
```

Active bindings

```
host See crew_client().

port See crew_client().

tls See crew_client().

serialization See crew_client().

seconds_interval See crew_client().

seconds_timeout See crew_client().

relay Relay object for event-driven programming on a downstream condition variable.

started Whether the client is started.

url Client websocket URL.

profile Compute profile of the client.

condition Condition variable of the client.

client Process ID of the local process running the client.

dispatcher Process ID of the mirai dispatcher
```

Methods

Public methods:

```
• crew_class_client$new()
```

- crew_class_client\$validate()
- crew_class_client\$set_started()
- crew_class_client\$start()
- crew_class_client\$terminate()
- crew_class_client\$resolved()
- crew_class_client\$status()
- crew_class_client\$pids()

Method new(): mirai client constructor.

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```
crew_class_client$new(
   host = NULL,
   port = NULL,
   tls = NULL,
    serialization = NULL,
   seconds_interval = NULL,
   seconds_timeout = NULL,
    relay = NULL
 )
 Arguments:
 host Argument passed from crew_client().
 port Argument passed from crew_client().
 tls Argument passed from crew_client().
 serialization Argument passed from crew_client().
 seconds_interval Argument passed from crew_client().
 seconds_timeout Argument passed from crew_client().
 relay Argument passed from crew_client().
 Returns: An R6 object with the client.
 Examples:
 if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
 client <- crew_client()</pre>
 client$start()
 client$log()
 client$terminate()
 }
Method validate(): Validate the client.
 Usage:
 crew_class_client$validate()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method set_started(): Register the client as started.
 Usage:
 crew_class_client$set_started()
 Details: Exported to implement the sequential controller. Only meant to be called manually
 inside the client or the sequential controller.
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method start(): Start listening for workers on the available sockets.
 crew_class_client$start()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method terminate(): Stop the miral client and disconnect from the worker websockets.
```

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```
Usage:
crew_class_client$terminate()
Returns: NULL (invisibly).
```

Method resolved(): Get the true value of the nanonext condition variable.

```
Usage:
```

```
crew_class_client$resolved()
```

Returns: The value of the nanonext condition variable.

Method status(): Internal function: return the mirai status of the compute profile.

```
Usage:
```

```
crew_class_client$status()
```

Details: Should only be called by the launcher, never by the user. The returned events field changes on every call and must be interpreted by the launcher before it vanishes.

Returns: A list with status information.

Method pids(): Get the process IDs of the local process and the mirai dispatcher (if started).

```
Usage:
```

```
crew_class_client$pids()
```

Returns: An integer vector of process IDs of the local process and the mirai dispatcher (if started).

See Also

```
Other client: crew_client()
```

Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  client <- crew_client()
   client$start()
   client$terminate()
}

## ------
## Method `crew_class_client$new`
## -----
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  client <- crew_client()
  client$start()
  client$log()
  client$terminate()
}</pre>
```

```
crew_class_controller Controller class
```

Description

R6 class for controllers.

Details

```
See crew_controller().
```

Active bindings

```
client Client object.

launcher Launcher object.

tasks A list of mirai::mirai() task objects.

pushed Number of tasks pushed since the controller was started.

popped Number of tasks popped since the controller was started.

reset_globals See crew_controller(). since the controller was started.

reset_packages See crew_controller(). since the controller was started.

reset_options See crew_controller(). since the controller was started.

garbage_collection See crew_controller(). since the controller was started.

crashes_max See crew_controller().

backup See crew_controller().

error Tibble of task results (with one result per row) from the last call to map(error = "stop).

backlog A crew_queue() object tracking explicitly backlogged tasks.

autoscaling TRUE or FALSE, whether async later-based auto-scaling is currently running queue Queue of resolved unpopped/uncollected tasks.
```

Methods

Public methods:

- crew_class_controller\$new()
- crew_class_controller\$validate()
- crew_class_controller\$empty()
- crew_class_controller\$nonempty()
- crew_class_controller\$resolved()
- crew_class_controller\$unresolved()
- crew_class_controller\$unpopped()
- crew_class_controller\$saturated()
- crew_class_controller\$start()

```
• crew_class_controller$started()
  • crew_class_controller$launch()
  • crew_class_controller$scale()
  • crew_class_controller$autoscale()
  • crew_class_controller$descale()
  • crew_class_controller$crashes()
  • crew_class_controller$push()
  • crew_class_controller$walk()
  • crew_class_controller$map()
  • crew_class_controller$pop()
  • crew_class_controller$collect()
  • crew_class_controller$promise()
  • crew_class_controller$wait()
  • crew_class_controller$push_backlog()
  • crew_class_controller$pop_backlog()
  • crew_class_controller$summary()
  • crew_class_controller$cancel()
  • crew_class_controller$pids()
  • crew_class_controller$terminate()
Method new(): mirai controller constructor.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller$new(
   client = NULL,
   launcher = NULL,
   reset_globals = NULL,
   reset_packages = NULL,
   reset_options = NULL,
   garbage_collection = NULL,
   crashes_max = NULL,
   backup = NULL
 )
 Arguments:
 client Client object. See crew_controller().
 launcher Launcher object. See crew_controller().
 reset_globals See crew_controller().
 reset_packages See crew_controller().
 reset_options See crew_controller().
 garbage_collection See crew_controller().
 crashes_max See crew_controller().
 backup See crew_controller().
 Returns: An R6 controller object.
 Examples:
```

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
 client <- crew_client()</pre>
 launcher <- crew_launcher_local()</pre>
 controller <- crew_controller(client = client, launcher = launcher)</pre>
 controller$start()
 controller$push(name = "task", command = sqrt(4))
 controller$wait()
 controller$pop()
 controller$terminate()
 }
Method validate(): Validate the controller.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller$validate()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method empty(): Check if the controller is empty.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller$empty(controllers = NULL)
 Arguments:
 controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous
     method of controller groups.
 Details: A controller is empty if it has no running tasks or completed tasks waiting to be
 retrieved with push().
 Returns: TRUE if the controller is empty, FALSE otherwise.
Method nonempty(): Check if the controller is nonempty.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller$nonempty(controllers = NULL)
 Arguments:
 controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous
     method of controller groups.
 Details: A controller is empty if it has no running tasks or completed tasks waiting to be
 retrieved with push().
 Returns: TRUE if the controller is empty, FALSE otherwise.
Method resolved(): Number of resolved mirai() tasks.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller$resolved(controllers = NULL)
 Arguments:
 controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous
     method of controller groups.
```

Details: resolved() is cumulative: it counts all the resolved tasks over the entire lifetime of the controller session.

Returns: Non-negative integer of length 1, number of resolved mirai() tasks. The return value is 0 if the condition variable does not exist (i.e. if the client is not running).

Method unresolved(): Number of unresolved mirai() tasks.

Usage:

```
crew_class_controller$unresolved(controllers = NULL)
```

Arguments:

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Returns: Non-negative integer of length 1, number of unresolved mirai() tasks.

Method unpopped(): Number of resolved mirai() tasks available via pop().

Usage:

```
crew_class_controller$unpopped(controllers = NULL)
```

Arguments:

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Returns: Non-negative integer of length 1, number of resolved mirai() tasks available via pop().

Method saturated(): Check if the controller is saturated.

```
Usage:
```

```
crew_class_controller$saturated(
  collect = NULL,
  throttle = NULL,
  controller = NULL
)
```

Arguments:

collect Deprecated in version 0.5.0.9003 (2023-10-02). Not used.

throttle Deprecated in version 0.5.0.9003 (2023-10-02). Not used.

controller Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Details: A controller is saturated if the number of unresolved tasks is greater than or equal to the maximum number of workers. In other words, in a saturated controller, every available worker has a task. You can still push tasks to a saturated controller, but tools that use crew such as targets may choose not to.

Returns: TRUE if the controller is saturated, FALSE otherwise.

Method start(): Start the controller if it is not already started.

Usage:

```
crew_class_controller$start(controllers = NULL)
```

Arguments:

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Details: Register the mirai client and register worker websockets with the launcher.

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

Method started(): Check whether the controller is started.

Usage:

crew_class_controller\$started(controllers = NULL)

Arguments:

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Details: Actually checks whether the client is started.

Returns: TRUE if the controller is started, FALSE otherwise.

Method launch(): Launch one or more workers.

Usage:

crew_class_controller\$launch(n = 1L, controllers = NULL)

Arguments:

n Number of workers to launch.

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

Method scale(): Auto-scale workers out to meet the demand of tasks.

Usage:

crew_class_controller\$scale(throttle = TRUE, controllers = NULL)

Arguments:

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening the miral dispatcher and other resources.

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Details: The scale() method launches new workers to run tasks if needed.

Returns: Invisibly returns TRUE if there was any relevant auto-scaling activity (new worker launches or worker connection/disconnection events) (FALSE otherwise).

Method autoscale(): Run worker auto-scaling in a private later loop every controller\$client\$seconds_interval seconds.

Usage:

crew_class_controller\$autoscale(controllers = NULL)

Arguments:

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Details: Call controller\$descale() to terminate the auto-scaling loop.

```
Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method descale(): Terminate the auto-scaling loop started by controller$autoscale().
 crew_class_controller$descale(controllers = NULL)
 Arguments:
 controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous
     method of controller groups.
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method crashes(): Report the number of consecutive crashes of a task.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller$crashes(name, controllers = NULL)
 name Character string, name of the task to check.
 controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous
     method of controller groups.
 Details: See the crashes_max argument of crew_controller().
 Returns: Non-negative integer, number of consecutive times the task crashed.
Method push(): Push a task to the head of the task list.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller$push(
   command.
    data = list(),
   globals = list(),
    substitute = TRUE,
    seed = NULL,
    algorithm = NULL,
   packages = character(0),
   library = NULL,
    seconds_timeout = NULL,
    scale = TRUE,
    throttle = TRUE,
   name = NULL,
    save_command = NULL,
   controller = NULL
 )
 Arguments:
 command Language object with R code to run.
 data Named list of local data objects in the evaluation environment.
 globals Named list of objects to temporarily assign to the global environment for the task. This
     list should include any functions you previously defined in the global environment which are
     required to run tasks. See the reset_globals argument of crew_controller_local().
```

substitute Logical of length 1, whether to call base::substitute() on the supplied value of
 the command argument. If TRUE (default) then command is quoted literally as you write it, e.g.
 push(command = your_function_call()). If FALSE, then crew assumes command is a lan guage object and you are passing its value, e.g. push(command = quote(your_function_call())).
 substitute = TRUE is appropriate for interactive use, whereas substitute = FALSE is meant
 for automated R programs that invoke crew controllers.

- seed Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator seed to set for the evaluation of the task. Passed to the seed argument of set.seed() if not NULL. If algorithm and seed are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the widely spaced worker-specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream(). See vignette("parallel", package = "parallel") for details.
- algorithm Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator algorithm to set for the evaluation of the task. Passed to the kind argument of RNGkind() if not NULL. If algorithm and seed are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the recommended widely spaced worker-specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream(). See vignette("parallel", package = "parallel") for details.

packages Character vector of packages to load for the task.

library Library path to load the packages. See the lib.loc argument of require().

seconds_timeout Optional task timeout passed to the .timeout argument of mirai::mirai() (after converting to milliseconds).

scale Logical, whether to automatically call scale() to auto-scale workers to meet the demand of the task load. Also see the throttle argument.

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening the mirai dispatcher and other resources.

name Character string, name of the task. If NULL, then a random name is generated automatically. The name of the task must not conflict with the name of another task pushed to the controller. Any previous task with the same name must first be popped before a new task with that name can be pushed.

save_command Deprecated on 2025-01-22 (crew version 0.10.2.9004) and no longer used.

controller Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Returns: Invisibly return the mirai object of the pushed task. This allows you to interact with the task directly, e.g. to create a promise object with promises::as.promise().

Method walk(): Apply a single command to multiple inputs, and return control to the user without waiting for any task to complete.

```
crew_class_controller$walk(
  command,
  iterate,
  data = list(),
  globals = list(),
  substitute = TRUE,
  seed = NULL,
  algorithm = NULL,
```

```
packages = character(0),
  library = NULL,
  seconds_timeout = NULL,
  names = NULL,
  save_command = NULL,
  verbose = interactive(),
  scale = TRUE,
  throttle = TRUE,
  controller = NULL
)
Arguments:
command Language object with R code to run.
iterate Named list of vectors or lists to iterate over. For example, to run function calls
   f(x = 1, y = "a") and f(x = 2, y = "b"), set command to f(x, y), and set iterate to
   list(x = c(1, 2), y = c("a", "b")). The individual function calls are evaluated as f(x = a^2 + b^2)
   iterate x[[1]], y = iterate y[[1]])  and f(x = iterate x[[2]], y = iterate y[[2]]).
   All the elements of iterate must have the same length. If there are any name conflicts be-
   tween iterate and data, iterate takes precedence.
data Named list of constant local data objects in the evaluation environment. Objects in this
   list are treated as single values and are held constant for each iteration of the map.
globals Named list of constant objects to temporarily assign to the global environment for each
   task. This list should include any functions you previously defined in the global environment
   which are required to run tasks. See the reset_globals argument of crew_controller_local().
   Objects in this list are treated as single values and are held constant for each iteration of the
   map.
substitute Logical of length 1, whether to call base::substitute() on the supplied value of
   the command argument. If TRUE (default) then command is quoted literally as you write it, e.g.
   push(command = your_function_call()). If FALSE, then crew assumes command is a lan-
   guage object and you are passing its value, e.g. push(command = quote(your_function_call())).
   substitute = TRUE is appropriate for interactive use, whereas substitute = FALSE is meant
   for automated R programs that invoke crew controllers.
seed Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator seed to set for the evalu-
   ation of the task. Passed to the seed argument of set.seed() if not NULL. If algorithm
   and seed are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the recommended
   widely spaced worker-specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream().
   See vignette("parallel", package = "parallel") for details.
algorithm Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator algorithm to set for
   the evaluation of the task. Passed to the kind argument of RNGkind() if not NULL. If
   algorithm and seed are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the rec-
   ommended widely spaced worker-specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream().
   See vignette("parallel", package = "parallel") for details.
packages Character vector of packages to load for the task.
library Library path to load the packages. See the lib.loc argument of require().
seconds_timeout Optional task timeout passed to the .timeout argument of mirai::mirai()
   (after converting to milliseconds).
names Optional character of length 1, name of the element of iterate with names for the tasks.
```

If names is supplied, then iterate[[names]] must be a character vector.

save_command Deprecated on 2025-01-22 (crew version 0.10.2.9004). The command is always saved now.

verbose Logical of length 1, whether to print to a progress bar when pushing tasks.

scale Logical, whether to automatically scale workers to meet demand. See also the throttle argument.

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening the miral dispatcher and other resources.

controller Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Details: In contrast to walk(), map() blocks the local R session and waits for all tasks to complete.

Returns: Invisibly returns a list of mirai task objects for the newly created tasks. The order of tasks in the list matches the order of data in the iterate argument.

Method map(): Apply a single command to multiple inputs, wait for all tasks to complete, and return the results of all tasks.

```
Usage:
crew_class_controller$map(
  command,
  iterate,
  data = list(),
  globals = list(),
  substitute = TRUE,
  seed = NULL,
  algorithm = NULL,
  packages = character(0),
  library = NULL,
  seconds_interval = NULL,
  seconds_timeout = NULL,
  names = NULL,
  save_command = NULL,
  error = "stop",
  warnings = TRUE,
  verbose = interactive(),
  scale = TRUE,
  throttle = TRUE,
  controller = NULL
)
Arguments:
```

. -

command Language object with R code to run.

iterate Named list of vectors or lists to iterate over. For example, to run function calls f(x=1, y="a") and f(x=2, y="b"), set command to f(x, y), and set iterate to list(x=c(1, 2), y=c("a", "b")). The individual function calls are evaluated as f(x=iterate\$x[[1]], y=iterate\$y[[1]]) and f(x=iterate\$x[[2]], y=iterate\$y[[2]]). All the elements of iterate must have the same length. If there are any name conflicts between iterate and data, iterate takes precedence.

data Named list of constant local data objects in the evaluation environment. Objects in this list are treated as single values and are held constant for each iteration of the map.

- globals Named list of constant objects to temporarily assign to the global environment for each task. This list should include any functions you previously defined in the global environment which are required to run tasks. See the reset_globals argument of crew_controller_local(). Objects in this list are treated as single values and are held constant for each iteration of the map.
- substitute Logical of length 1, whether to call base::substitute() on the supplied value of
 the command argument. If TRUE (default) then command is quoted literally as you write it, e.g.
 push(command = your_function_call()). If FALSE, then crew assumes command is a lan guage object and you are passing its value, e.g. push(command = quote(your_function_call())).
 substitute = TRUE is appropriate for interactive use, whereas substitute = FALSE is meant
 for automated R programs that invoke crew controllers.
- seed Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator seed to set for the evaluation of the task. Passed to the seed argument of set.seed() if not NULL. If algorithm and seed are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the recommended widely spaced worker-specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream(). See vignette("parallel", package = "parallel") for details.
- algorithm Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator algorithm to set for the evaluation of the task. Passed to the kind argument of RNGkind() if not NULL. If algorithm and seed are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the recommended widely spaced worker-specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream(). See vignette("parallel", package = "parallel") for details.

packages Character vector of packages to load for the task.

library Library path to load the packages. See the lib.loc argument of require().

- seconds_interval Deprecated on 2025-01-17 (crew version 0.10.2.9003). Instead, the seconds_interval argument passed to crew_controller_group() is used as seconds_max in a crew_throttle() object which orchestrates exponential backoff.
- seconds_timeout Optional task timeout passed to the .timeout argument of mirai::mirai() (after converting to milliseconds).
- names Optional character string, name of the element of iterate with names for the tasks. If names is supplied, then iterate[[names]] must be a character vector.
- save_command Deprecated on 2025-01-22 (crew version 0.10.2.9004). The command is always saved now.

error Character of length 1, choice of action if a task was not successful. Possible values:

- "stop": throw an error in the main R session instead of returning a value. In case of an error, the results from the last errored map() are in the error field of the controller, e.g. controller_object\$error. To reduce memory consumption, set controller_object\$error <- NULL after you are finished troubleshooting.
- "warn": throw a warning. This allows the return value with all the error messages and tracebacks to be generated.
- "silent": do nothing special. NOTE: the only kinds of errors considered here are errors at the R level. A crashed tasks will return a status of "crash" in the output and not trigger an error in map() unless crashes_max is reached.

warnings Logical of length 1, whether to throw a warning in the interactive session if at least one task encounters an error.

verbose Logical of length 1, whether to print to a progress bar as tasks resolve.

scale Logical, whether to automatically scale workers to meet demand. See also the throttle argument.

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening the miral dispatcher and other resources.

controller Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Details: map() cannot be used unless all prior tasks are completed and popped. You may need to wait and then pop them manually. Alternatively, you can start over: either call terminate() on the current controller object to reset it, or create a new controller object entirely.

Returns: A tibble of results and metadata: one row per task and columns corresponding to the output of pop().

Method pop(): Pop a completed task from the results data frame.

Usage:

```
crew_class_controller$pop(
   scale = TRUE,
   collect = NULL,
   throttle = TRUE,
   error = NULL,
   controllers = NULL
)
```

Arguments:

scale Logical of length 1, whether to automatically call scale() to auto-scale workers to meet the demand of the task load. Scaling up on pop() may be important for transient or nearly transient workers that tend to drop off quickly after doing little work. See also the throttle argument.

collect Deprecated in version 0.5.0.9003 (2023-10-02).

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening the miral dispatcher and other resources.

error NULL or character of length 1, choice of action if the popped task threw an error. Possible values:

- "stop": throw an error in the main R session instead of returning a value.
- "warn": throw a warning.
- NULL or "silent": do not react to errors. NOTE: the only kinds of errors considered here are errors at the R level. A crashed tasks will return a status of "crash" in the output and not trigger an error in pop() unless crashes_max is reached.

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Details: If not task is currently completed, pop() will attempt to auto-scale workers as needed.

Returns: If there is no task to collect, return NULL. Otherwise, return a one-row tibble with the following columns.

· name: the task name.

- command: a character string with the R command.
- result: a list containing the return value of the R command. NA if the task failed.
- status: a character string. "success" if the task succeeded, "cancel" if the task was canceled with the cancel() controller method, "crash" if the worker running the task exited before it could complete the task, or "error" for any other kind of error.
- error: the first 2048 characters of the error message if the task status is not "success",
 NA otherwise. Messages for crashes and cancellations are captured here alongside ordinary
 R-level errors.
- code: an integer code denoting the specific exit status: 0 for successful tasks, -1 for tasks with an error in the R command of the task, and another positive integer with an NNG status code if there is an error at the NNG/nanonext level. nanonext::nng_error() can interpret these codes.
- trace: the first 2048 characters of the text of the traceback if the task threw an error, NA otherwise
- warnings: the first 2048 characters. of the text of warning messages that the task may have generated, NA otherwise.
- seconds: number of seconds that the task ran.
- seed: the single integer originally supplied to push(), NA otherwise. The pseudo-random number generator state just prior to the task can be restored using set.seed(seed = seed, kind = algorithm), where seed and algorithm are part of this output.
- algorithm: name of the pseudo-random number generator algorithm originally supplied to push(), NA otherwise. The pseudo-random number generator state just prior to the task can be restored using set.seed(seed = seed, kind = algorithm), where seed and algorithm are part of this output.
- controller: name of the crew controller where the task ran.
- worker: name of the crew worker that ran the task.

Method collect(): Pop all available task results and return them in a tidy tibble.

Usage:

```
crew_class_controller$collect(
   scale = TRUE,
   throttle = TRUE,
   error = NULL,
   controllers = NULL
)
```

Arguments:

scale Logical of length 1, whether to automatically call scale() to auto-scale workers to meet the demand of the task load.

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening the miral dispatcher and other resources.

error NULL or character of length 1, choice of action if the popped task threw an error. Possible values: * "stop": throw an error in the main R session instead of returning a value. * "warn": throw a warning. * NULL or "silent": do not react to errors. NOTE: the only kinds of errors considered here are errors at the R level. A crashed tasks will return a status of "crash" in the output and not trigger an error in collect() unless crashes_max is reached.

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Returns: A tibble of results and metadata of all resolved tasks, with one row per task. Returns NULL if there are no tasks to collect. See pop() for details on the columns of the returned tibble.

Method promise(): Create a promises::promise() object to asynchronously pop or collect one or more tasks.

Usage:

```
crew_class_controller$promise(
  mode = "one",
  seconds_interval = 1,
  scale = NULL,
  throttle = NULL,
  controllers = NULL
)
```

Arguments:

mode Character of length 1, what kind of promise to create. mode must be "one" or "all". Details:

- If mode is "one", then the promise is fulfilled (or rejected) when at least one task is resolved and available to pop(). When that happens, pop() runs asynchronously, pops a result off the task list, and returns a value. If the task succeeded, then the promise is fulfilled and its value is the result of pop() (a one-row tibble with the result and metadata). If the task threw an error, the error message of the task is forwarded to any error callbacks registered with the promise.
- If mode is "all", then the promise is fulfilled (or rejected) when there are no unresolved tasks left in the controller. (Be careful: this condition is trivially met in the moment if the controller is empty and you have not submitted any tasks, so it is best to create this kind of promise only after you submit tasks.) When there are no unresolved tasks left, collect() runs asynchronously, pops all available results off the task list, and returns a value. If the task succeeded, then the promise is fulfilled and its value is the result of collect() (a tibble with one row per task result). If any of the tasks threw an error, then the first error message detected is forwarded to any error callbacks registered with the promise.

seconds_interval Positive numeric of length 1, delay in the later::later() polling interval to asynchronously check if the promise can be resolved.

scale Deprecated on 2024-04-10 (version 0.9.1.9003) and no longer used. Now, promise() always turns on auto-scaling in a private later loop (if not already activated).

throttle Deprecated on 2024-04-10 (version 0.9.1.9003) and no longer used. Now, promise() always turns on auto-scaling in a private later loop (if not already activated).

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Details: Please be aware that pop() or collect() will happen asynchronously at a some unpredictable time after the promise object is created, even if your local R process appears to be doing something completely different. This behavior is highly desirable in a Shiny reactive context, but please be careful as it may be surprising in other situations.

Returns: A promises::promise() object whose eventual value will be a tibble with results from one or more popped tasks. If mode = "one", only one task is popped and returned (one row). If mode = "all", then all the tasks are returned in a tibble with one row per task (or NULL is returned if there are no tasks to pop).

```
Method wait(): Wait for tasks.
```

```
Usage:
crew_class_controller$wait(
  mode = "all",
   seconds_interval = NULL,
   seconds_timeout = Inf,
   scale = TRUE,
   throttle = TRUE,
   controllers = NULL
)
```

Arguments:

mode Character of length 1: "all" to wait for all tasks to complete, "one" to wait for a single task to complete.

seconds_interval Deprecated on 2025-01-17 (crew version 0.10.2.9003). Instead, the seconds_interval argument passed to crew_controller_group() is used as seconds_max in a crew_throttle() object which orchestrates exponential backoff.

seconds_timeout Timeout length in seconds waiting for tasks.

scale Logical, whether to automatically call scale() to auto-scale workers to meet the demand of the task load. See also the throttle argument.

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening the miral dispatcher and other resources.

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Details: The wait() method blocks the calling R session and repeatedly auto-scales workers for tasks that need them. The function runs until it either times out or the condition in mode is met.

Returns: A logical of length 1, invisibly. TRUE if the condition in mode was met, FALSE otherwise.

Method push_backlog(): Push the name of a task to the backlog.

```
Usage:
```

```
crew_class_controller$push_backlog(name, controller = NULL)
```

Arouments

name Character of length 1 with the task name to push to the backlog.

controller Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Details: pop_backlog() pops the tasks that can be pushed without saturating the controller.

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

Method pop_backlog(): Pop the task names from the head of the backlog which can be pushed without saturating the controller.

Usage:

```
crew_class_controller$pop_backlog(controllers = NULL)
```

Arguments.

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Returns: Character vector of task names which can be pushed to the controller without saturating it. If the controller is saturated, character (0L) is returned.

Method summary(): Summarize the workers and tasks of the controller.

Usage:

```
crew_class_controller$summary(controllers = NULL)
```

Arguments:

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Returns: A data frame of summary statistics on the tasks that ran on a worker and then were returned by pop() or collect(). It has one row and the following columns:

- controller: name of the controller.
- tasks: number of tasks.
- seconds: total number of runtime in seconds.
- · success: total number of successful tasks.
- error: total number of tasks with errors, either in the R code of the task or an NNG-level error that is not a cancellation or crash.
- crash: total number of crashed tasks (where the worker exited unexpectedly while it was running the task).
- cancel: total number of tasks interrupted with the cancel() controller method.
- warnings: total number of tasks with one or more warnings.

Method cancel(): Cancel one or more tasks.

Usage:

```
crew_class_controller$cancel(names = character(0L), all = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

names Character vector of names of tasks to cancel. Those names must have been manually supplied by push().

all TRUE to cancel all tasks, FALSE otherwise. all = TRUE supersedes the names argument.

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

Method pids(): Get the process IDs of the local process and the miral dispatcher (if started).

Usage:

```
crew_class_controller$pids(controllers = NULL)
```

Arguments:

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Returns: An integer vector of process IDs of the local process and the mirai dispatcher (if started).

Method terminate(): Terminate the workers and the mirai client.

```
Usage:
crew_class_controller$terminate(controllers = NULL)
Arguments:
controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.
Returns: NULL (invisibly).
```

See Also

Other controller: crew_controller()

Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
client <- crew_client()</pre>
launcher <- crew_launcher_local()</pre>
controller <- crew_controller(client = client, launcher = launcher)</pre>
controller$start()
controller$push(name = "task", command = sqrt(4))
controller$wait()
controller$pop()
controller$terminate()
}
## -----
## Method `crew_class_controller$new`
## -----
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
client <- crew_client()</pre>
launcher <- crew_launcher_local()</pre>
controller <- crew_controller(client = client, launcher = launcher)</pre>
controller$start()
controller$push(name = "task", command = sqrt(4))
controller$wait()
controller$pop()
controller$terminate()
```

Description

R6 class for controller groups.

Details

See crew_controller_group().

Active bindings

controllers List of R6 controller objects.

relay Relay object for event-driven programming on a downstream condition variable.

throttle crew_throttle() object to orchestrate exponential backoff in the relay and auto-scaling.

Methods

Public methods:

- crew_class_controller_group\$new()
- crew_class_controller_group\$validate()
- crew_class_controller_group\$empty()
- crew_class_controller_group\$nonempty()
- crew_class_controller_group\$resolved()
- crew_class_controller_group\$unresolved()
- crew_class_controller_group\$unpopped()
- crew_class_controller_group\$saturated()
- crew_class_controller_group\$start()
- crew_class_controller_group\$started()
- crew_class_controller_group\$launch()
- crew_class_controller_group\$scale()
- crew_class_controller_group\$autoscale()
- crew_class_controller_group\$descale()
- crew_class_controller_group\$crashes()
- crew_class_controller_group\$push()
- crew_class_controller_group\$walk()
- crew_class_controller_group\$map()
- crew_class_controller_group\$pop()
- crew_class_controller_group\$collect()
- crew_class_controller_group\$promise()
- crew_class_controller_group\$wait()

```
• crew_class_controller_group$push_backlog()
  • crew_class_controller_group$pop_backlog()
  • crew_class_controller_group$summary()
  • crew_class_controller_group$pids()
  • crew_class_controller_group$terminate()
Method new(): Multi-controller constructor.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller_group$new(
   controllers = NULL,
   relay = NULL,
   throttle = NULL
 )
 Arguments:
 controllers List of R6 controller objects.
 relay Relay object for event-driven programming on a downstream condition variable.
 throttle crew_throttle() object to orchestrate exponential backoff in the relay and auto-
 Returns: An R6 object with the controller group object.
 Examples:
 if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
 persistent <- crew_controller_local(name = "persistent")</pre>
 transient <- crew_controller_local(</pre>
   name = "transient",
   tasks_max = 1L
 group <- crew_controller_group(persistent, transient)</pre>
 group$start()
 group$push(name = "task", command = sqrt(4), controller = "transient")
 group$wait()
 group$pop()
 group$terminate()
Method validate(): Validate the client.
 crew_class_controller_group$validate()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method empty(): See if the controllers are empty.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller_group$empty(controllers = NULL)
 Arguments:
 controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.
```

Details: A controller is empty if it has no running tasks or completed tasks waiting to be retrieved with push().

Returns: TRUE if all the selected controllers are empty, FALSE otherwise.

Method nonempty(): Check if the controller group is nonempty.

Usage:

crew_class_controller_group\$nonempty(controllers = NULL)

Arguments:

controllers. Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Details: A controller is empty if it has no running tasks or completed tasks waiting to be retrieved with push().

Returns: TRUE if the controller is empty, FALSE otherwise.

Method resolved(): Number of resolved mirai() tasks.

Usage:

crew_class_controller_group\$resolved(controllers = NULL)

Arguments:

controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Details: resolved() is cumulative: it counts all the resolved tasks over the entire lifetime of the controller session.

Returns: Non-negative integer of length 1, number of resolved mirai() tasks. The return value is 0 if the condition variable does not exist (i.e. if the client is not running).

Method unresolved(): Number of unresolved mirai() tasks.

Usage:

crew_class_controller_group\$unresolved(controllers = NULL)

Arguments:

controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Returns: Non-negative integer of length 1, number of unresolved mirai() tasks.

Method unpopped(): Number of resolved mirai() tasks available via pop().

Usage:

crew_class_controller_group\$unpopped(controllers = NULL)

Arguments:

controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Returns: Non-negative integer of length 1, number of resolved mirai() tasks available via pop().

Method saturated(): Check if a controller is saturated.

```
crew_class_controller_group$saturated(
    collect = NULL,
    throttle = NULL,
    controller = NULL
 Arguments:
 collect Deprecated in version 0.5.0.9003 (2023-10-02). Not used.
 throttle Deprecated in version 0.5.0.9003 (2023-10-02). Not used.
 controller Character vector of length 1 with the controller name. Set to NULL to select the
     default controller that push() would choose.
 Details: A controller is saturated if the number of unresolved tasks is greater than or equal
 to the maximum number of workers. In other words, in a saturated controller, every available
 worker has a task. You can still push tasks to a saturated controller, but tools that use crew such
 as targets may choose not to.
 Returns: TRUE if all the selected controllers are saturated, FALSE otherwise.
Method start(): Start one or more controllers.
 crew_class_controller_group$start(controllers = NULL)
 Arguments:
 controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method started(): Check whether all the given controllers are started.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller_group$started(controllers = NULL)
 Arguments:
 controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.
 Details: Actually checks whether all the given clients are started.
 Returns: TRUE if the controllers are started, FALSE if any are not.
Method launch(): Launch one or more workers on one or more controllers.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller_group$launch(n = 1L, controllers = NULL)
 Arguments:
 n Number of workers to launch in each controller selected.
 controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
```

Method scale(): Automatically scale up the number of workers if needed in one or more controller objects.

crew_class_controller_group\$scale(throttle = TRUE, controllers = NULL)

Arguments:

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening the miral dispatcher and other resources.

controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Details: See the scale() method in individual controller classes.

Returns: Invisibly returns TRUE if there was any relevant auto-scaling activity (new worker launches or worker connection/disconnection events) (FALSE otherwise).

Method autoscale(): Run worker auto-scaling in a private later loop every controller\$client\$seconds_interval seconds.

Usage:

crew_class_controller_group\$autoscale(controllers = NULL)

Arguments.

controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

Method descale(): Terminate the auto-scaling loop started by controller\$autoscale().

Usage:

crew_class_controller_group\$descale(controllers = NULL)

Arguments:

controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

Method crashes(): Report the number of consecutive crashes of a task, summed over all selected controllers in the group.

Usage:

crew_class_controller_group\$crashes(name, controllers = NULL)

Arguments:

name Character string, name of the task to check.

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Details: See the crashes_max argument of crew_controller().

Returns: Number of consecutive crashes of the named task, summed over all the controllers in the group.

Method push(): Push a task to the head of the task list.

```
crew_class_controller_group$push(
  command,
  data = list(),
  globals = list(),
  substitute = TRUE,
  seed = NULL,
  algorithm = NULL,
  packages = character(0),
  library = NULL,
  seconds_timeout = NULL,
  scale = TRUE,
  throttle = TRUE,
  name = NULL,
  save_command = NULL,
  controller = NULL
Arguments:
command Language object with R code to run.
data Named list of local data objects in the evaluation environment.
globals Named list of objects to temporarily assign to the global environment for the task. See
    the reset_globals argument of crew_controller_local().
substitute Logical of length 1, whether to call base::substitute() on the supplied value of
    the command argument. If TRUE (default) then command is quoted literally as you write it, e.g.
    push(command = your_function_call()). If FALSE, then crew assumes command is a lan-
    guage object and you are passing its value, e.g. push(command = quote(your_function_call())).
    substitute = TRUE is appropriate for interactive use, whereas substitute = FALSE is meant
    for automated R programs that invoke crew controllers.
seed Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator seed to set for the evaluation
    of the task. Passed to the seed argument of set.seed() if not NULL. If algorithm and seed
    are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the widely spaced worker-
    specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream(). See vignette("parallel",
    package = "parallel") for details.
algorithm Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator algorithm to set for
    the evaluation of the task. Passed to the kind argument of RNGkind() if not NULL. If
    algorithm and seed are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the rec-
    ommended widely spaced worker-specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream().
    See vignette("parallel", package = "parallel") for details.
packages Character vector of packages to load for the task.
library Library path to load the packages. See the lib.loc argument of require().
seconds_timeout Optional task timeout passed to the .timeout argument of mirai::mirai()
    (after converting to milliseconds).
scale Logical, whether to automatically scale workers to meet demand. See the scale argu-
    ment of the push() method of ordinary single controllers.
```

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening

the mirai dispatcher and other resources.

name Character string, name of the task. If NULL, a random name is automatically generated. The task name must not conflict with an existing task in the controller where it is submitted. To reuse the name, wait for the existing task to finish, then either pop() or collect() it to remove it from its controller.

save_command Deprecated on 2025-01-22 (crew version 0.10.2.9004).

controller Character of length 1, name of the controller to submit the task. If NULL, the controller defaults to the first controller in the list.

Returns: Invisibly return the miral object of the pushed task. This allows you to interact with the task directly, e.g. to create a promise object with promises::as.promise().

Method walk(): Apply a single command to multiple inputs, and return control to the user without waiting for any task to complete.

```
Usage:
crew_class_controller_group$walk(
  command,
  iterate,
  data = list(),
  globals = list(),
  substitute = TRUE.
  seed = NULL,
  algorithm = NULL,
  packages = character(0),
  library = NULL,
  seconds_timeout = NULL,
  names = NULL,
  save_command = NULL,
  verbose = interactive(),
  scale = TRUE,
  throttle = TRUE,
```

Arguments:

)

controller = NULL

command Language object with R code to run.

iterate Named list of vectors or lists to iterate over. For example, to run function calls f(x=1, y="a") and f(x=2, y="b"), set command to f(x, y), and set iterate to list(x=c(1, 2), y=c("a", "b")). The individual function calls are evaluated as f(x=iterate\$x[[1]], y=iterate\$y[[1]]) and f(x=iterate\$x[[2]], y=iterate\$y[[2]]). All the elements of iterate must have the same length. If there are any name conflicts between iterate and data, iterate takes precedence.

data Named list of constant local data objects in the evaluation environment. Objects in this list are treated as single values and are held constant for each iteration of the map.

globals Named list of constant objects to temporarily assign to the global environment for each task. This list should include any functions you previously defined in the global environment which are required to run tasks. See the reset_globals argument of crew_controller_local(). Objects in this list are treated as single values and are held constant for each iteration of the map.

- substitute Logical of length 1, whether to call base::substitute() on the supplied value of
 the command argument. If TRUE (default) then command is quoted literally as you write it, e.g.
 push(command = your_function_call()). If FALSE, then crew assumes command is a lan guage object and you are passing its value, e.g. push(command = quote(your_function_call())).
 substitute = TRUE is appropriate for interactive use, whereas substitute = FALSE is meant
 for automated R programs that invoke crew controllers.
- seed Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator seed to set for the evaluation of the task. Passed to the seed argument of set.seed() if not NULL. If algorithm and seed are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the recommended widely spaced worker-specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream(). See vignette("parallel", package = "parallel") for details.
- algorithm Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator algorithm to set for the evaluation of the task. Passed to the kind argument of RNGkind() if not NULL. If algorithm and seed are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the recommended widely spaced worker-specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream(). See vignette("parallel", package = "parallel") for details.

packages Character vector of packages to load for the task.

library Library path to load the packages. See the lib.loc argument of require().

seconds_timeout Optional task timeout passed to the .timeout argument of mirai::mirai() (after converting to milliseconds).

names Optional character of length 1, name of the element of iterate with names for the tasks. If names is supplied, then iterate[[names]] must be a character vector.

save_command Deprecated on 2025-01-22 (crew version 0.10.2.9004).

verbose Logical of length 1, whether to print to a progress bar when pushing tasks.

scale Logical, whether to automatically scale workers to meet demand. See also the throttle argument.

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening the miral dispatcher and other resources.

controller Character of length 1, name of the controller to submit the tasks. If NULL, the controller defaults to the first controller in the list.

Details: In contrast to walk(), map() blocks the local R session and waits for all tasks to complete.

Returns: Invisibly returns a list of mirai task objects for the newly created tasks. The order of tasks in the list matches the order of data in the iterate argument.

Method map(): Apply a single command to multiple inputs.

Usage:
crew_class_controller_group\$map(
 command,
 iterate,
 data = list(),
 globals = list(),
 substitute = TRUE,
 seed = NULL,
 algorithm = NULL,

```
packages = character(0),
library = NULL,
seconds_interval = NULL,
seconds_timeout = NULL,
names = NULL,
save_command = NULL,
error = "stop",
warnings = TRUE,
verbose = interactive(),
scale = TRUE,
throttle = TRUE,
controller = NULL
```

Arguments:

command Language object with R code to run.

iterate Named list of vectors or lists to iterate over. For example, to run function calls f(x=1, y="a") and f(x=2, y="b"), set command to f(x, y), and set iterate to list(x=c(1, 2), y=c("a", "b")). The individual function calls are evaluated as f(x=iterate\$x[[1]], y=iterate\$y[[1]]) and f(x=iterate\$x[[2]], y=iterate\$y[[2]]). All the elements of iterate must have the same length. If there are any name conflicts between iterate and data, iterate takes precedence.

- data Named list of constant local data objects in the evaluation environment. Objects in this list are treated as single values and are held constant for each iteration of the map.
- globals Named list of constant objects to temporarily assign to the global environment for each task. This list should include any functions you previously defined in the global environment which are required to run tasks. See the reset_globals argument of crew_controller_local(). Objects in this list are treated as single values and are held constant for each iteration of the map.
- substitute Logical of length 1, whether to call base::substitute() on the supplied value of
 the command argument. If TRUE (default) then command is quoted literally as you write it, e.g.
 push(command = your_function_call()). If FALSE, then crew assumes command is a lan guage object and you are passing its value, e.g. push(command = quote(your_function_call())).
 substitute = TRUE is appropriate for interactive use, whereas substitute = FALSE is meant
 for automated R programs that invoke crew controllers.
- seed Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator seed to set for the evaluation of the task. Passed to the seed argument of set.seed() if not NULL. If algorithm
 and seed are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the recommended
 widely spaced worker-specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream().
 See vignette("parallel", package = "parallel") for details.
- algorithm Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator algorithm to set for the evaluation of the task. Passed to the kind argument of RNGkind() if not NULL. If algorithm and seed are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the recommended widely spaced worker-specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream(). See vignette("parallel", package = "parallel") for details.

packages Character vector of packages to load for the task.

library Library path to load the packages. See the lib.loc argument of require().

seconds_interval Deprecated on 2025-01-17 (crew version 0.10.2.9003). Instead, the seconds_interval argument passed to crew_controller_group() is used as seconds_max in a crew_throttle() object which orchestrates exponential backoff.

seconds_timeout Optional task timeout passed to the .timeout argument of mirai::mirai() (after converting to milliseconds).

names Optional character of length 1, name of the element of iterate with names for the tasks. If names is supplied, then iterate[[names]] must be a character vector.

save_command Deprecated on 2025-01-22 (crew version 0.10.2.9004).

error Character vector of length 1, choice of action if a task has an error. Possible values:

- "stop": throw an error in the main R session instead of returning a value. In case of an error, the results from the last errored map() are in the error field of the controller, e.g. controller_object\$error. To reduce memory consumption, set controller_object\$error <- NULL after you are finished troubleshooting.
- "warn": throw a warning. This allows the return value with all the error messages and tracebacks to be generated.
- "silent": do nothing special.

warnings Logical of length 1, whether to throw a warning in the interactive session if at least one task encounters an error.

verbose Logical of length 1, whether to print progress messages.

scale Logical, whether to automatically scale workers to meet demand. See also the throttle argument.

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening the miral dispatcher and other resources.

controller Character of length 1, name of the controller to submit the tasks. If NULL, the controller defaults to the first controller in the list.

Details: The idea comes from functional programming: for example, the map() function from the purrr package.

Returns: A tibble of results and metadata: one row per task and columns corresponding to the output of pop().

Method pop(): Pop a completed task from the results data frame.

Usage:

```
crew_class_controller_group$pop(
  scale = TRUE,
  collect = NULL,
  throttle = TRUE,
  error = NULL,
  controllers = NULL
)
```

Arguments:

scale Logical, whether to automatically scale workers to meet demand. See the scale argument of the pop() method of ordinary single controllers.

collect Deprecated in version 0.5.0.9003 (2023-10-02). Not used.

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening the miral dispatcher and other resources.

error NULL or character of length 1, choice of action if the popped task threw an error. Possible values:

- "stop": throw an error in the main R session instead of returning a value.
- "warn": throw a warning.
- NULL or "silent": do not react to errors.

controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Returns: If there is no task to collect, return NULL. Otherwise, return a one-row tibble with the same columns as pop() for ordinary controllers.

Method collect(): Pop all available task results and return them in a tidy tibble.

Usage:

```
crew_class_controller_group$collect(
  scale = TRUE,
  throttle = TRUE,
  error = NULL,
  controllers = NULL
)
```

Arguments:

scale Logical of length 1, whether to automatically call scale() to auto-scale workers to meet the demand of the task load.

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening the miral dispatcher and other resources.

error NULL or character of length 1, choice of action if the popped task threw an error. Possible values:

- "stop": throw an error in the main R session instead of returning a value.
- "warn": throw a warning.
- NULL or "silent": do not react to errors.

controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Returns: A tibble of results and metadata of all resolved tasks, with one row per task. Returns NULL if there are no available results.

Method promise(): Create a promises::promise() object to asynchronously pop or collect one or more tasks.

```
crew_class_controller_group$promise(
  mode = "one",
  seconds_interval = 0.1,
  scale = NULL,
  throttle = NULL,
  controllers = NULL
)
```

Arguments:

mode Character of length 1, what kind of promise to create. mode must be "one" or "all". Details:

- If mode is "one", then the promise is fulfilled (or rejected) when at least one task is resolved and available to pop(). When that happens, pop() runs asynchronously, pops a result off the task list, and returns a value. If the task succeeded, then the promise is fulfilled and its value is the result of pop() (a one-row tibble with the result and metadata). If the task threw an error, the error message of the task is forwarded to any error callbacks registered with the promise.
- If mode is "all", then the promise is fulfilled (or rejected) when there are no unresolved tasks left in the controller. (Be careful: this condition is trivially met in the moment if the controller is empty and you have not submitted any tasks, so it is best to create this kind of promise only after you submit tasks.) When there are no unresolved tasks left, collect() runs asynchronously, pops all available results off the task list, and returns a value. If the task succeeded, then the promise is fulfilled and its value is the result of collect() (a tibble with one row per task result). If any of the tasks threw an error, then the first error message detected is forwarded to any error callbacks registered with the promise.

seconds_interval Positive numeric of length 1, delay in the later::later() polling interval to asynchronously check if the promise can be resolved.

scale Deprecated on 2024-04-10 (version 0.9.1.9003) and no longer used. Now, promise() always turns on auto-scaling in a private later loop (if not already activated).

throttle Deprecated on 2024-04-10 (version 0.9.1.9003) and no longer used. Now, promise() always turns on auto-scaling in a private later loop (if not already activated).

controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Details: Please be aware that pop() or collect() will happen asynchronously at a some unpredictable time after the promise object is created, even if your local R process appears to be doing something completely different. This behavior is highly desirable in a Shiny reactive context, but please be careful as it may be surprising in other situations.

Returns: A promises::promise() object whose eventual value will be a tibble with results from one or more popped tasks. If mode = "one", only one task is popped and returned (one row). If mode = "all", then all the tasks are returned in a tibble with one row per task (or NULL is returned if there are no tasks to pop).

Method wait(): Wait for tasks.

```
Usage:
crew_class_controller_group$wait(
  mode = "all",
  seconds_interval = NULL,
  seconds_timeout = Inf,
  scale = TRUE,
  throttle = TRUE,
  controllers = NULL
)
Arguments:
```

mode Character of length 1: "all" to wait for all tasks in all controllers to complete, "one" to wait for a single task in a single controller to complete. In this scheme, the timeout limit is applied to each controller sequentially, and a timeout is treated the same as a completed controller.

seconds_interval Deprecated on 2025-01-17 (crew version 0.10.2.9003). Instead, the seconds_interval argument passed to crew_controller_group() is used as seconds_max in a crew_throttle() object which orchestrates exponential backoff.

seconds_timeout Timeout length in seconds waiting for results to become available.

scale Logical of length 1, whether to call scale_later() on each selected controller to schedule auto-scaling. See the scale argument of the wait() method of ordinary single controllers.

throttle TRUE to skip auto-scaling if it already happened within the last seconds_interval seconds. FALSE to auto-scale every time scale() is called. Throttling avoids overburdening the miral dispatcher and other resources.

controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Details: The wait() method blocks the calling R session and repeatedly auto-scales workers for tasks that need them. The function runs until it either times out or the condition in mode is met.

Returns: A logical of length 1, invisibly. TRUE if the condition in mode was met, FALSE otherwise.

Method push_backlog(): Push the name of a task to the backlog.

Usage:

crew_class_controller_group\$push_backlog(name, controller = NULL)

Arguments:

name Character of length 1 with the task name to push to the backlog.

controller Character vector of length 1 with the controller name. Set to NULL to select the default controller that push_backlog() would choose.

Details: pop_backlog() pops the tasks that can be pushed without saturating the controller.

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

Method pop_backlog(): Pop the task names from the head of the backlog which can be pushed without saturating the controller.

Usage:

crew_class_controller_group\$pop_backlog(controllers = NULL)

Arguments:

controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Returns: Character vector of task names which can be pushed to the controller without saturating it. If the controller is saturated, character (0L) is returned.

Method summary(): Summarize the workers of one or more controllers.

Usage:

crew_class_controller_group\$summary(controllers = NULL)

Arguments:

controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Returns: A data frame of aggregated worker summary statistics of all the selected controllers. It has one row per worker, and the rows are grouped by controller. See the documentation of the summary() method of the controller class for specific information about the columns in the output.

Method pids(): Get the process IDs of the local process and the mirai dispatchers (if started).

Usage:

```
crew_class_controller_group$pids(controllers = NULL)
```

Arguments:

controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Returns: An integer vector of process IDs of the local process and the mirai dispatcher (if started).

Method terminate(): Terminate the workers and disconnect the client for one or more controllers.

```
Usage:
```

```
crew_class_controller_group$terminate(controllers = NULL)
```

Arguments:

controllers Character vector of controller names. Set to NULL to select all controllers.

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

See Also

Other controller_group: crew_controller_group()

Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  persistent <- crew_controller_local(name = "persistent")
  transient <- crew_controller_local(
    name = "transient",
    tasks_max = 1L
)
  group <- crew_controller_group(persistent, transient)
  group$start()
  group$push(name = "task", command = sqrt(4), controller = "transient")
  group$pup$puop$wait()
  group$pop()
  group$terminate()
}</pre>
```

crew_class_controller_sequential

Sequential controller class

Description

R6 class for sequential controllers.

Details

See crew_controller_sequential().

Super class

```
crew::crew_class_controller-> crew_class_controller_sequential
```

Methods

Public methods:

- crew_class_controller_sequential\$start()
- crew_class_controller_sequential\$launch()
- crew_class_controller_sequential\$scale()
- crew_class_controller_sequential\$autoscale()
- crew_class_controller_sequential\$descale()
- crew_class_controller_sequential\$push()
- crew_class_controller_sequential\$wait()
- crew_class_controller_sequential\$push_backlog()
- crew_class_controller_sequential\$pop_backlog()
- crew_class_controller_sequential\$cancel()

Method start(): Start the controller if it is not already started.

Usage:

crew_class_controller_sequential\$start(controllers = NULL) Arguments: controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups. Details: For the sequential controller, there is nothing to do except register the client as started. Returns: NULL (invisibly). **Method** launch(): Does nothing for the sequential controller. Usage: crew_class_controller_sequential\$launch(n = 1L, controllers = NULL) Arguments: n Number of workers to launch. controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups. Returns: NULL (invisibly). **Method** scale(): Does nothing for the sequential controller. Usage: crew_class_controller_sequential\$scale(throttle = TRUE, controllers = NULL) Arguments: throttle Not applicable to the sequential controller. controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups. *Returns:* Invisibly returns FALSE. **Method** autoscale(): Not applicable to the sequential controller. Usage: crew_class_controller_sequential\$autoscale(controllers = NULL) Arguments: controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups. Returns: NULL (invisibly). **Method** descale(): Not applicable to the sequential controller. Usage: crew_class_controller_sequential\$descale(controllers = NULL) Arguments: controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous

Method push(): Push a task to the head of the task list.

method of controller groups.

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

```
Usage:
crew_class_controller_sequential$push(
  command,
  data = list(),
  globals = list(),
  substitute = TRUE,
  seed = NULL,
  algorithm = NULL,
  packages = character(0),
  library = NULL,
  seconds_timeout = NULL,
  scale = TRUE,
  throttle = TRUE,
  name = NULL,
  save_command = NULL,
  controller = NULL
)
Arguments:
```

command Language object with R code to run.

data Named list of local data objects in the evaluation environment.

- globals Named list of objects to temporarily assign to the global environment for the task. This list should include any functions you previously defined in the global environment which are required to run tasks. See the reset_globals argument of crew_controller_local().
- substitute Logical of length 1, whether to call base::substitute() on the supplied value of the command argument. If TRUE (default) then command is quoted literally as you write it, e.g. push(command = your_function_call()). If FALSE, then crew assumes command is a language object and you are passing its value, e.g. push(command = quote(your_function_call())). substitute = TRUE is appropriate for interactive use, whereas substitute = FALSE is meant for automated R programs that invoke crew controllers.
- seed Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator seed to set for the evaluation of the task. Passed to the seed argument of set.seed() if not NULL. If algorithm and seed are both NULL for the sequential controller, then the random number generator defaults to the current RNG of the local R session where the sequential controller lives.
- algorithm Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator algorithm to set for the evaluation of the task. Passed to the kind argument of RNGkind() if not NULL. If algorithm and seed are both NULL for the sequential controller, then the random number generator defaults to the current RNG of the local R session where the sequential controller

packages Character vector of packages to load for the task.

library Library path to load the packages. See the lib.loc argument of require().

seconds_timeout Not used in the sequential controller..

scale Not used in the sequential controller.

throttle Not used in the sequential controller.

name Character string, name of the task. If NULL, then a random name is generated automatically. The name of the task must not conflict with the name of another task pushed to the controller. Any previous task with the same name must first be popped before a new task with that name can be pushed.

save_command Deprecated on 2025-01-22 (crew version 0.10.2.9004) and no longer used. controller Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous method of controller groups.

Returns: Invisibly returns a mirai-like list where the data element is the result of the task.

```
Method wait(): Not applicable to the sequential controller.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller_sequential$wait(
   mode = "all",
    seconds_interval = NULL,
    seconds_timeout = Inf,
    scale = TRUE,
    throttle = TRUE,
    controllers = NULL
 )
 Arguments:
 mode Not applicable to the sequential controller.
 seconds_interval Not applicable to the sequential controller.
 seconds_timeout Not applicable to the sequential controller.
 scale Not applicable to the sequential controller.
 throttle Not applicable to the sequential controller.
 controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous
     method of controller groups.
 Returns: Always returns TRUE (invisibly) for the sequential controller.
Method push_backlog(): Not applicable to the sequential controller.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller_sequential$push_backlog(name, controller = NULL)
 Arguments:
 name Character of length 1 with the task name to push to the backlog.
 controller Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous
     method of controller groups.
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method pop_backlog(): Not applicable to the sequential controller.
 Usage:
 crew_class_controller_sequential$pop_backlog(controllers = NULL)
 Arguments:
 controllers Not used. Included to ensure the signature is compatible with the analogous
     method of controller groups.
```

Returns: Always character(OL) for the sequential controller.

Method cancel(): Not applicable to the sequential controller.

```
Usage:
crew_class_controller_sequential$cancel(names = character(0L), all = FALSE)
Arguments:
names Not applicable to the sequential controller.
all Not applicable to the sequential controller.
```

See Also

Other sequential controllers: crew_controller_sequential()

Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  controller <- crew_controller_sequential()
  controller$push(name = "task", command = sqrt(4))
  controller$pop()
}</pre>
```

crew_class_launcher

Launcher abstract class

Description

R6 abstract class to build other subclasses which launch and manage workers.

Active bindings

```
name See crew_launcher().
workers See crew_launcher().
seconds_interval See crew_launcher().
seconds_timeout See crew_launcher().
seconds_launch See crew_launcher().
seconds_idle See crew_launcher().
seconds_wall See crew_launcher().
tasks_max See crew_launcher().
tasks_timers See crew_launcher().
tls See crew_launcher().
processes See crew_launcher(). asynchronously.
r_arguments See crew_launcher().
options_metrics See crew_launcher().
url Websocket URL for worker connections.
profile mirai compute profile of the launcher.
instances Data frame of worker instance information.
id Integer worker ID from the last call to settings().
async A crew_async() object to run low-level launcher tasks asynchronously.
throttle A crew_throttle() object to throttle scaling.
```

Methods

```
Public methods:
```

```
• crew_class_launcher$new()
  • crew_class_launcher$validate()
  • crew_class_launcher$poll()
  • crew_class_launcher$settings()
  • crew_class_launcher$call()
  • crew_class_launcher$start()
  • crew_class_launcher$terminate()
  • crew_class_launcher$resolve()
  • crew_class_launcher$update()
  • crew_class_launcher$launch()
  • crew_class_launcher$scale()
  • crew_class_launcher$launch_worker()
  • crew_class_launcher$terminate_worker()
  • crew_class_launcher$terminate_workers()
  • crew_class_launcher$crashes()
  • crew_class_launcher$set_name()
Method new(): Launcher constructor.
 Usage:
 crew_class_launcher$new(
   name = NULL,
   workers = NULL,
   seconds_interval = NULL,
   seconds_timeout = NULL,
   seconds_launch = NULL,
   seconds_idle = NULL,
   seconds_wall = NULL,
   seconds_exit = NULL,
   tasks_max = NULL,
   tasks_timers = NULL,
   reset_globals = NULL,
   reset_packages = NULL,
   reset_options = NULL,
   garbage_collection = NULL,
   crashes_error = NULL,
   launch_max = NULL,
   tls = NULL,
   processes = NULL,
   r_arguments = NULL,
   options_metrics = NULL
 Arguments:
 name See crew_launcher().
```

```
workers See crew_launcher().
 seconds_interval See crew_launcher().
 seconds_timeout See crew_launcher().
 seconds_launch See crew_launcher().
 seconds_idle See crew_launcher().
 seconds_wall See crew_launcher().
 seconds_exit See crew_launcher().
 tasks_max See crew_launcher().
 tasks_timers See crew_launcher().
 reset_globals Deprecated. See crew_launcher().
 reset_packages Deprecated. See crew_launcher().
 reset_options Deprecated. See crew_launcher().
 garbage_collection Deprecated. See crew_launcher().
 crashes_error See crew_launcher().
 launch_max Deprecated.
 tls See crew_launcher().
 processes See crew_launcher().
 r_arguments See crew_launcher().
 options_metrics See crew_launcher().
 Returns: An R6 object with the launcher.
 Examples:
 if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
 client <- crew_client()</pre>
 client$start()
 launcher <- crew_launcher_local()</pre>
 launcher$start(url = client$url, profile = client$profile)
 launcher$launch()
 task <- mirai::mirai("result", .compute = client$profile)</pre>
 mirai::call_mirai(task)
 task$data
 client$terminate()
Method validate(): Validate the launcher.
 Usage:
 crew_class_launcher$validate()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method poll(): Poll the throttle.
 crew_class_launcher$poll()
 Returns: TRUE to run whatever work comes next, FALSE to skip until the appropriate time.
Method settings(): List of arguments for mirai::daemon().
```

```
Usage:
 crew_class_launcher$settings()
 Returns: List of arguments for mirai::daemon().
Method call(): Create a call to crew_worker() to help create custom launchers.
 Usage:
 crew_class_launcher$call(
   worker,
   socket = NULL,
   launcher = NULL,
    instance = NULL
 Arguments:
 worker Character string, name of the worker.
 socket Deprecated on 2025-01-28 (crew version 1.0.0).
 launcher Deprecated on 2025-01-28 (crew version 1.0.0).
 instance Deprecated on 2025-01-28 (crew version 1.0.0).
 Returns: Character string with a call to crew_worker().
 Examples:
 launcher <- crew_launcher_local()</pre>
 launcher$start(url = "tcp://127.0.0.1:57000", profile = "profile")
 launcher$call(worker = "worker_name")
 launcher$terminate()
Method start(): Start the launcher.
 crew_class_launcher$start(url = NULL, profile = NULL, sockets = NULL)
 Arguments:
 url Character string, websocket URL for worker connections.
 profile Character string, mirai compute profile.
 sockets Deprecated on 2025-01-28 (crew version 1.0.0).
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method terminate(): Terminate the whole launcher, including all workers.
 crew_class_launcher$terminate()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method resolve(): Resolve asynchronous worker submissions.
 Usage:
 crew_class_launcher$resolve()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly). Throw an error if there were any asynchronous worker submission
 errors.'
```

Method update(): Update worker metadata, resolve asynchronous worker submissions, and terminate lost workers. Usage: crew_class_launcher\$update(status) status A mirai status list. Returns: NULL (invisibly). Method launch(): Launch a worker. Usage: crew_class_launcher\$launch() Returns: Handle of the launched worker. **Method** scale(): Auto-scale workers out to meet the demand of tasks. Usage: crew_class_launcher\$scale(status, throttle = NULL) Arguments: status A mirai status list with worker and task information. throttle Deprecated, only used in the controller as of 2025-01-16 (crew version 0.10.2.9003). Returns: Invisibly returns TRUE if there was any relevant auto-scaling activity (new worker launches or worker connection/disconnection events) (FALSE otherwise). **Method** launch_worker(): Abstract worker launch method. Usage: crew_class_launcher\$launch_worker(call, name, launcher, worker) call Character of length 1 with a namespaced call to crew_worker() which will run in the worker and accept tasks. name Character of length 1 with an informative worker name. launcher Character of length 1, name of the launcher. worker Positive integer of length 1, index of the worker. This worker index remains the same even when the current instance of the worker exits and a new instance launches. It is always between 1 and the maximum number of concurrent workers. Details: Launcher plugins will overwrite this method. Returns: A handle to mock the worker launch. **Method** terminate_worker(): Abstract worker termination method. Usage: crew_class_launcher\$terminate_worker(handle) Arguments:

handle A handle object previously returned by launch_worker() which allows the termina-

tion of the worker.

```
Details: Launcher plugins will overwrite this method.
      Returns: A handle to mock worker termination.
     Method terminate_workers(): Terminate all workers.
       Usage:
      crew_class_launcher$terminate_workers()
      Returns: NULL (invisibly).
     Method crashes(): Deprecated on 2025-01-28 (crew version 1.0.0).
       Usage:
       crew_class_launcher$crashes(index = NULL)
      Arguments:
       index Unused argument.
      Returns: The integer 1, for compatibility.
     Method set_name(): Deprecated on 2025-01-28 (crew version 1.0.0).
       Usage:
      crew_class_launcher$set_name(name)
      Arguments:
      name Name to set for the launcher.
      Returns: NULL (invisibly).
See Also
   Other launcher: crew_launcher()
Examples
   if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
   client <- crew_client()</pre>
   client$start()
   launcher <- crew_launcher_local()</pre>
   launcher$start(url = client$url, profile = client$profile)
   launcher$launch()
   task <- mirai::mirai("result", .compute = client$profile)</pre>
   mirai::call_mirai(task)
   task$data
   client$terminate()
   }
    ## -----
   ## Method `crew_class_launcher$new`
    ## -----
   if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
   client <- crew_client()</pre>
   client$start()
```

crew_class_launcher_local

Local process launcher class

Description

R6 class to launch and manage local process workers.

Details

```
See crew_launcher_local().
```

Super class

```
crew::crew_class_launcher -> crew_class_launcher_local
```

Active bindings

```
options_local See crew_launcher_local().
```

Methods

Public methods:

- crew_class_launcher_local\$new()
- crew_class_launcher_local\$validate()
- crew_class_launcher_local\$launch_worker()
- crew_class_launcher_local\$terminate_worker()

Method new(): Local launcher constructor.

Usage:

```
crew_class_launcher_local$new(
  name = NULL,
  workers = NULL,
  seconds_interval = NULL,
  seconds_timeout = NULL,
  seconds_launch = NULL,
  seconds_idle = NULL,
  seconds_wall = NULL,
  seconds_exit = NULL,
  tasks_max = NULL,
  tasks_timers = NULL,
  crashes_error = NULL,
  tls = NULL,
  processes = NULL,
  r_arguments = NULL,
  options_metrics = NULL,
  options_local = NULL
Arguments:
name See crew_launcher().
workers See crew_launcher().
seconds_interval See crew_launcher().
seconds_timeout See crew_launcher().
seconds_launch See crew_launcher().
seconds_idle See crew_launcher().
seconds_wall See crew_launcher().
seconds_exit See crew_launcher().
tasks_max See crew_launcher().
tasks_timers See crew_launcher().
crashes_error See crew_launcher().
tls See crew_launcher().
processes See crew_launcher().
r_arguments See crew_launcher().
options_metrics See crew_launcher_local().
options_local See crew_launcher_local().
reset_globals Deprecated. See crew_launcher().
reset_packages Deprecated. See crew_launcher().
reset_options Deprecated. See crew_launcher().
garbage_collection Deprecated. See crew_launcher().
Returns: An R6 object with the local launcher.
Examples:
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
client <- crew_client()</pre>
client$start()
```

```
launcher <- crew_launcher_local(name = client$name)</pre>
       launcher$start(url = client$url, profile = client$profile)
       launcher$launch()
       task <- mirai::mirai("result", .compute = client$profile)</pre>
       mirai::call_mirai(task)
       task$data
       client$terminate()
     Method validate(): Validate the local launcher.
       crew_class_launcher_local$validate()
       Returns: NULL (invisibly).
     Method launch_worker(): Launch a local process worker which will dial into a socket.
       Usage:
       crew_class_launcher_local$launch_worker(call, name, launcher, worker)
       Arguments:
       call Character of length 1 with a namespaced call to crew_worker() which will run in the
           worker and accept tasks.
       name Character of length 1 with a long informative worker name which contains the launcher
           and worker arguments described below.
       launcher Character of length 1, name of the launcher.
       worker Character string, name of the worker within the launcher.
                 The call argument is R code that will run to initiate the worker. Together, the
       launcher, worker, and instance arguments are useful for constructing informative job names.
       Returns: A handle object to allow the termination of the worker later on.
     Method terminate_worker(): Terminate a local process worker.
       Usage:
       crew_class_launcher_local$terminate_worker(handle)
       handle A process handle object previously returned by launch_worker().
       Returns: A list with the process ID of the worker.
See Also
    Other plugin_local: crew_controller_local(), crew_launcher_local()
Examples
    if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
   client <- crew_client()</pre>
   client$start()
   launcher <- crew_launcher_local(name = client$name)</pre>
```

```
launcher$start(url = client$url, profile = client$profile)
launcher$launch()
task <- mirai::mirai("result", .compute = client$profile)</pre>
mirai::call_mirai(task)
task$data
client$terminate()
## Method `crew_class_launcher_local$new`
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
client <- crew_client()</pre>
client$start()
launcher <- crew_launcher_local(name = client$name)</pre>
launcher$start(url = client$url, profile = client$profile)
launcher$launch()
task <- mirai::mirai("result", .compute = client$profile)</pre>
mirai::call_mirai(task)
task$data
client$terminate()
```

crew_class_monitor_local

Local monitor class

Description

Local monitor R6 class

Details

```
See crew_monitor_local().
```

Methods

Public methods:

- crew_class_monitor_local\$dispatchers()
- crew_class_monitor_local\$daemons()
- crew_class_monitor_local\$workers()
- crew_class_monitor_local\$terminate()

Method dispatchers(): List the process IDs of the running miral dispatcher processes.

```
Usage:
crew_class_monitor_local$dispatchers(user = ps::ps_username())
Arguments:
```

user Character of length 1, user ID to filter on. NULL to list processes of all users (not recommended).

Returns: Integer vector of process IDs of the running mirai dispatcher processes.

Method daemons(): List the process IDs of the locally running miral daemon processes which are not crew workers. The crew_async() object can launch such processes: for example, when a positive integer is supplied to the processes argument of e.g. crew.aws.batch::crew_controller_aws_batch().

Usage:

crew_class_monitor_local\$daemons(user = ps::ps_username())

Arguments:

user Character of length 1, user ID to filter on. NULL to list processes of all users (not recommended).

Returns: Integer vector of process IDs of the locally running mirai daemon processes which are not crew workers.

Method workers(): List the process IDs of locally running crew workers launched by the local controller (crew_controller_local()).

Usage:

crew_class_monitor_local\$workers(user = ps::ps_username())

Arguments.

user Character of length 1, user ID to filter on. NULL to list processes of all users (not recommended).

Details: Only the workers running on your local computer are listed. Workers that are not listed include jobs on job schedulers like SLURM or jobs on cloud services like AWS Batch. To monitor those worker processes, please consult the monitor objects in the relevant third-party launcher plugins such as crew.cluster and crew.aws.batch.

Returns: Integer vector of process IDs of locally running crew workers launched by the local controller (crew_controller_local()).

Method terminate(): Terminate the given process IDs.

Usage:

crew_class_monitor_local\$terminate(pids)

Arguments:

pids Integer vector of process IDs of local processes to terminate.

Details: Termination happens with the operating system signal given by crew_terminate_signal().

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

See Also

Other monitor: crew_monitor_local()

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crew_class_queue

R6 queue class

Description

R6 class for a queue.

Details

See the Details section of crew_queue(). The R6 crew queue class is not portable (for efficiency), so other packages should not inherit from it. The reason for non-portability is efficiency: elements can be directly accessed without self\$ or private\$, and they can be directly modified with <<-. This is especially important for push() because envir\$vector[slice] <- x copies the entire vector in memory, which has O(n^2) complexity and is extremely slow for large vectors.

Active bindings

```
data See crew_queue().

head Non-negative integer pointing to the location of the next element to pop.

tail Non-negative integer pointing to the tail of the queue.

step See crew_queue().
```

Methods

Public methods:

```
crew_class_queue$new()
crew_class_queue$validate()
crew_class_queue$empty()
crew_class_queue$nonempty()
crew_class_queue$list()
crew_class_queue$reset()
crew_class_queue$clean()
crew_class_queue$set()
crew_class_queue$set()
crew_class_queue$pueue$extend()
crew_class_queue$push()
crew_class_queue$pop()
crew_class_queue$collect()
```

Method new(): Create a queue object.

```
Usage:
crew_class_queue$new(data = NULL, step = NULL)
Arguments:
data See crew_queue().
```

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```
step See crew_queue().
 Returns: A queue object.
Method validate(): Validate the queue.
 Usage:
 crew_class_queue$validate()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly). Called for its side effects.
Method empty(): Check if the queue is empty.
 Usage:
 crew_class_queue$empty()
 Returns: TRUE if the queue is empty, FALSE otherwise.
Method nonempty(): Check if the queue is empty.
 Usage:
 crew_class_queue$nonempty()
 Returns: TRUE if the queue is nonempty, FALSE otherwise.
Method list(): List available data.
 Usage:
 crew_class_queue$list()
 Returns: Character vector of available data.
Method reset(): Reset the queue.
 Usage:
 crew_class_queue$reset()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly). Called for its side effects.
Method clean(): Remove popped elements from the data in the queue.
 Usage:
 crew_class_queue$clean()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method set(): Set the data in the queue.
 crew_class_queue$set(data = character(0L))
 Arguments:
 data Character vector of data to set.
 Returns: NULL (invisibly). Called for its side effects.
Method extend(): Extend the queue data by step elements.
 Usage:
 crew_class_queue$extend(n)
```

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Arguments:

n Positive integer, number of elements to extend the queue data.

```
Returns: NULL (invisibly).
```

Method push(): Append new elements to the queue.

```
Usage:
```

```
crew_class_queue$push(x)
```

Arguments:

x Character vector of new data to append.

Details: push() is the reason the queue class is not portable. According to R6 documentation, members of non-portable classes can be accessed without self\$ or private\$, and assignment can be done with <<-. In the case of push(), this prevents each assignment from deep-copying the entire contents of the vector.

```
Returns: NULL (invisibly).
```

Method pop(): Pop one or more elements off the queue.

```
Usage:
```

```
crew_class_queue pop(n = 1L)
```

Arguments:

n Positive integer, maximum number of elements to pop. Fewer than n are popped if fewer than n are available.

Returns: Character vector of elements popped off the queue. NULL if there are no more elements available to pop.

Method collect(): Remove and return all available elements off the queue.

```
Usage:
```

```
crew_class_queue$collect()
```

Returns: Character vector, elements collected from the queue. NULL if there are no more elements available to collect.

See Also

```
Other queue: crew_queue()
```

Examples

```
crew_queue()
```

58 crew_class_relay

crew_class_relay

R6 relay class.

Description

R6 class for relay configuration.

Details

```
See crew_relay().
```

Active bindings

```
condition Main condition variable.
from Condition variable to relay from.
to Condition variable to relay to.
throttle A crew_throttle() object for wait().
```

Methods

Public methods:

```
• crew_class_relay$new()
```

- crew_class_relay\$validate()
- crew_class_relay\$start()
- crew_class_relay\$terminate()
- crew_class_relay\$set_from()
- crew_class_relay\$set_to()
- crew_class_relay\$wait()

Method new(): Relay constructor.

```
Usage:
```

crew_class_relay\$new(throttle)

Arguments:

throttle A crew_throttle() object.

Returns: A crew_relay() object.

Method validate(): Validate the object.

Usage:

crew_class_relay\$validate()

Returns: NULL (invisibly).

Method start(): Start the relay object.

Usage:

```
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```

```
crew_class_relay$start()
       Returns: NULL (invisibly).
     Method terminate(): Terminate the relay object.
       Usage:
       crew_class_relay$terminate()
       Returns: NULL (invisibly).
     Method set_from(): Set the condition variable to relay from.
       Usage:
       crew_class_relay$set_from(from)
       Arguments:
       from Condition variable to relay from.
       Returns: NULL (invisibly).
     Method set_to(): Set the condition variable to relay to.
       Usage:
       crew_class_relay$set_to(to)
       Arguments:
       to Condition variable to relay to.
       Returns: NULL (invisibly).
     Method wait(): Wait until an unobserved task resolves or the timeout is reached. Use the
     throttle to determine the waiting time.
       Usage:
       crew_class_relay$wait()
       Returns: NULL (invisibly).
See Also
    Other relay: crew_relay()
Examples
```

crew_relay()

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```
crew_class_throttle R6 throttle class.
```

Description

R6 class for throttle configuration.

Details

```
See crew_throttle().
```

Active bindings

```
seconds_max See crew_throttle().
seconds_min See crew_throttle().
seconds_start See crew_throttle().
base See crew_throttle().
seconds_interval Current wait time interval.
polled Positive numeric of length 1, millisecond timestamp of the last time poll() returned TRUE.

NULL if poll() was never called on the current object.
```

Methods

Public methods:

```
crew_class_throttle$new()
crew_class_throttle$validate()
crew_class_throttle$poll()
crew_class_throttle$accelerate()
crew_class_throttle$decelerate()
crew_class_throttle$reset()
crew_class_throttle$update()
```

Method new(): Throttle constructor.

```
Usage:
crew_class_throttle$new(
    seconds_max = NULL,
    seconds_min = NULL,
    seconds_start = NULL,
    base = NULL
)

Arguments:
seconds_max See crew_throttle().
seconds_min See crew_throttle().
```

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```
seconds_start See crew_throttle().
 base See crew_throttle().
 Returns: An R6 object with throttle configuration.
 Examples:
 throttle <- crew_throttle(seconds_max = 1)</pre>
 throttle$poll()
 throttle$poll()
Method validate(): Validate the object.
 Usage:
 crew_class_throttle$validate()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method poll(): Poll the throttler.
 Usage:
 crew_class_throttle$poll()
 Returns: TRUE if poll() did not return TRUE in the last max seconds, FALSE otherwise.
Method accelerate(): Divide seconds_interval by base.
 Usage:
 crew_class_throttle$accelerate()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly). Called for its side effects.
Method decelerate(): Multiply seconds_interval by base.
 Usage:
 crew_class_throttle$decelerate()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly). Called for its side effects.
Method reset(): Reset the throttle object so the next poll() returns TRUE, and reset the wait
time interval to its initial value.
 Usage:
 crew_class_throttle$reset()
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method update(): Reset the throttle when there is activity and decelerate it gradually when
there is no activity.
 Usage:
 crew_class_throttle$update(activity)
 Arguments:
 activity TRUE if there is activity, FALSE otherwise.
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
```

crew_class_tls

See Also

```
Other throttle: crew_throttle()
```

Examples

```
throttle <- crew_throttle(seconds_max = 1)
throttle$poll()

## -----
## Method `crew_class_throttle$new`
## -----
throttle <- crew_throttle(seconds_max = 1)
throttle$poll()
throttle$poll()</pre>
```

crew_class_tls

R6 TLS class.

Description

R6 class for TLS configuration.

Details

```
See crew_tls().
```

Active bindings

```
mode See crew_tls().
key See crew_tls().
password See crew_tls().
certificates See crew_tls().
```

Methods

Public methods:

```
• crew_class_tls$new()
```

- crew_class_tls\$validate()
- crew_class_tls\$client()
- crew_class_tls\$worker()
- crew_class_tls\$url()

Method new(): TLS configuration constructor.

Usage:

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```
crew_class_tls$new(
   mode = NULL,
   key = NULL,
   password = NULL,
   certificates = NULL
 )
 Arguments:
 mode Argument passed from crew_tls().
 key Argument passed from crew_tls().
 password Argument passed from crew_tls().
 certificates Argument passed from crew_tls().
 Returns: An R6 object with TLS configuration.
 Examples:
 crew_tls(mode = "automatic")
Method validate(): Validate the object.
 Usage:
 crew_class_tls$validate(test = TRUE)
 Arguments:
 test Logical of length 1, whether to test the TLS configuration with nanonext::tls_config().
 Returns: NULL (invisibly).
Method client(): TLS credentials for the crew client.
 Usage:
 crew_class_tls$client()
 Returns: NULL or character vector, depending on the mode.
Method worker(): TLS credentials for crew workers.
 Usage:
 crew_class_tls$worker(profile)
 Arguments:
 profile Character of length 1 with the mirai compute profile.
 Returns: NULL or character vector, depending on the mode.
Method url(): Form the URL for crew worker connections.
 Usage:
 crew_class_tls$url(host, port)
 Arguments:
 host Character string with the host name or IP address.
 port Non-negative integer with the port number (0 to let NNG select a random ephemeral port).
 Returns: Character string with the URL.
```

crew_clean

See Also

```
Other tls: crew_tls()
```

Examples

```
crew_tls(mode = "automatic")
## -----
## Method `crew_class_tls$new`
## ------
crew_tls(mode = "automatic")
```

crew_clean

Terminate dispatchers and/or workers

Description

Terminate mirai dispatchers and/or crew workers which may be lingering from previous work-loads.

Usage

```
crew_clean(
  dispatchers = TRUE,
  workers = TRUE,
  user = ps::ps_username(),
  seconds_interval = 1,
  seconds_timeout = 60,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

dispatchers Logical of length 1, whether to terminate dispatchers.

workers Logical of length 1, whether to terminate workers.

user Character of length 1. Terminate dispatchers and/or workers associated with this

user name.

seconds_interval

Seconds to between polling intervals waiting for a process to exit.

seconds_timeout

Seconds to wait for a process to exit.

verbose Logical of length 1, whether to print an informative message every time a pro-

cess is terminated.

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Details

Behind the scenes, mirai uses an external R process called a "dispatcher" to send tasks to crew workers. This dispatcher usually shuts down when you terminate the controller or quit your R session, but sometimes it lingers. Likewise, sometimes crew workers do not shut down on their own. The crew_clean() function searches the process table on your local machine and manually terminates any mirai dispatchers and crew workers associated with your user name (or the user name you select in the user argument. Unfortunately, it cannot reach remote workers such as those launched by a crew.cluster controller.

Value

NULL (invisibly). If verbose is TRUE, it does print out a message for every terminated process.

See Also

```
Other utility: crew_assert(), crew_deprecate(), crew_eval(), crew_random_name(), crew_retry(), crew_terminate_process(), crew_terminate_signal(), crew_worker()
```

Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  crew_clean()
}
```

crew_client

Create a client object.

Description

Create an R6 wrapper object to manage the mirai client.

Usage

```
crew_client(
  name = NULL,
  workers = NULL,
  host = NULL,
  port = NULL,
  tls = crew::crew_tls(),
  tls_enable = NULL,
  tls_config = NULL,
  serialization = NULL,
  seconds_interval = 1,
  seconds_timeout = 60,
  retry_tasks = NULL
)
```

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Arguments

name Deprecated on 2025-01-14 (crew version 0.10.2.9002). workers Deprecated on 2025-01-13 (crew version 0.10.2.9002).

host IP address of the mirai client to send and receive tasks. If NULL, the host defaults

to nanonext::ip_addr()[1].

port TCP port to listen for the workers. If NULL, then an available ephemeral port

is automatically chosen. Controllers running simultaneously on the same com-

puter (as in a controller group) must not share the same TCP port.

tls A TLS configuration object from crew_tls().

tls_enable Deprecated on 2023-09-15 in version 0.4.1. Use argument tls instead. tls_config Deprecated on 2023-09-15 in version 0.4.1. Use argument tls instead.

serialization Either NULL (default) or an object produced by mirai::serial_config() to

control the serialization of data sent to workers. This can help with either more efficient data transfers or to preserve attributes of otherwise non-exportable objects (such as torch tensors or arrow tables). See ?mirai::serial_config for

details.

seconds_interval

Number of seconds between polling intervals waiting for certain internal syn-

chronous operations to complete, such as checking mirai::status()

seconds_timeout

Number of seconds until timing out while waiting for certain synchronous oper-

ations to complete, such as checking mirai::status().

retry_tasks Deprecated on 2025-01-13 (crew version 0.10.2.9002).

See Also

Other client: crew_class_client

Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  client <- crew_client()
  client$start()
  client$summary()
  client$terminate()
}</pre>
```

crew_controller

Create a controller object from a client and launcher.

Description

This function is for developers of crew launcher plugins. Users should use a specific controller helper such as crew_controller_local().

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Usage

```
crew_controller(
  client,
  launcher,
  reset_globals = TRUE,
  reset_packages = FALSE,
  reset_options = FALSE,
  garbage_collection = FALSE,
  crashes_max = 5L,
  backup = NULL,
  auto_scale = NULL
)
```

Arguments

client An R6 client object created by crew_client().

An R6 launcher object created by one of the crew_launcher_*() functions such launcher

as crew_launcher_local().

reset_globals TRUE to reset global environment variables between tasks, FALSE to leave them

reset_packages TRUE to detach any packages loaded during a task (runs between each task),

FALSE to leave packages alone. In either case, the namespaces are not detached.

reset_options TRUE to reset global options to their original state between each task, FALSE oth-

erwise. It is recommended to only set reset_options = TRUE if reset_packages is also TRUE because packages sometimes rely on options they set at loading time. for this and other reasons, reset_options only resets options that were nonempty at the beginning of the task. If your task sets an entirely new option not already in options(), then reset_options = TRUE does not delete the

option.

garbage_collection

TRUE to run garbage collection after each task task, FALSE to skip.

crashes_max

In rare cases, a worker may exit unexpectedly before it completes its current task. If this happens, pop() returns a status of "crash" instead of "error" for the task. The controller does not automatically retry the task, but you can retry it manually by calling push() again and using the same task name as before. (However, targets pipelines running crew do automatically retry tasks whose workers crashed.)

crashes_max is a non-negative integer, and it sets the maximum number of allowable consecutive crashes for a given task. If a task's worker crashes more than crashes_max times in a row, then pop() throws an error when it tries to

fails on one controller can retry using incrementally more powerful workers.

return the results of the task.

An optional crew controller object, or NULL to omit. If supplied, the backup controller runs any pushed tasks that have already reached crashes_max consecutive crashes. Using backup, you can create a chain of controllers with different levels of resources (such as worker memory and CPUs) so that a task that

backup

All controllers in a backup chain should be part of the same controller group (see crew_controller_group()) so you can call the group-level pop() and collect() methods to make sure you get results regardless of which controller actually ended up running the task.

Limitations of backup: * crashes_max needs to be positive in order for backup to be used. Otherwise, every task would always skip the current controller and go to backup. * backup cannot be a controller group. It must be an ordinary controller.

auto_scale

Deprecated. Use the scale argument of push(), pop(), and wait() instead.

See Also

Other controller: crew_class_controller

Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  client <- crew_client()
  launcher <- crew_launcher_local()
  controller <- crew_controller(client = client, launcher = launcher)
  controller$start()
  controller$push(name = "task", command = sqrt(4))
  controller$wait()
  controller$pop()
  controller$terminate()
}</pre>
```

crew_controller_group Create a controller group.

Description

Create an R6 object to submit tasks and launch workers through multiple crew controllers.

Usage

```
crew_controller_group(..., seconds_interval = 1)
```

Arguments

R6 controller objects or lists of R6 controller objects. Nested lists are allowed, but each element must be a control object or another list.

seconds_interval

Number of seconds between polling intervals waiting for certain internal synchronous operations to complete, such as checking mirai::status()

See Also

```
Other controller_group: crew_class_controller_group
```

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Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  persistent <- crew_controller_local(name = "persistent")
  transient <- crew_controller_local(
    name = "transient",
    tasks_max = 1L
)
  group <- crew_controller_group(persistent, transient)
  group$start()
  group$push(name = "task", command = sqrt(4), controller = "transient")
  group$poup$poup$wait()
  group$poup$terminate()
}</pre>
```

crew_controller_local Create a controller with a local process launcher.

Description

Create an R6 object to submit tasks and launch workers on local processes.

Usage

```
crew_controller_local(
  name = NULL,
  workers = 1L,
  host = "127.0.0.1",
  port = NULL,
  tls = crew::crew_tls(),
  tls_enable = NULL,
  tls_config = NULL,
  serialization = NULL,
  seconds_interval = 1,
  seconds_timeout = 60,
  seconds_launch = 30,
  seconds_idle = 300,
  seconds_wall = Inf,
  seconds_exit = NULL,
  retry_tasks = NULL,
  tasks_max = Inf,
  tasks_timers = 0L,
  reset_globals = TRUE,
  reset_packages = FALSE,
  reset_options = FALSE,
  garbage_collection = FALSE,
  crashes_error = NULL,
```

```
launch_max = NULL,
  r_arguments = c("--no-save", "--no-restore"),
  crashes_max = 5L,
  backup = NULL,
  options_metrics = crew::crew_options_metrics(),
  options_local = crew::crew_options_local(),
  local_log_directory = NULL,
  local_log_join = NULL
)
```

Arguments

name Character string, name of the launcher. If the name is NULL, then a name is

automatically generated when the launcher starts.

workers Maximum number of workers to run concurrently when auto-scaling, excluding

task retries and manual calls to launch(). Special workers allocated for task retries do not count towards this limit, so the number of workers running at a given time may exceed this maximum. A smaller number of workers may run if the number of executing tasks is smaller than the supplied value of the workers

argument.

host IP address of the mirai client to send and receive tasks. If NULL, the host defaults

to nanonext::ip_addr()[1].

port TCP port to listen for the workers. If NULL, then an available ephemeral port

is automatically chosen. Controllers running simultaneously on the same com-

puter (as in a controller group) must not share the same TCP port.

tls A TLS configuration object from crew_tls().

tls_enable Deprecated on 2023-09-15 in version 0.4.1. Use argument tls instead.

tls_config Deprecated on 2023-09-15 in version 0.4.1. Use argument tls instead.

serialization Either NULL (default) or an object produced by mirai::serial_config() to

control the serialization of data sent to workers. This can help with either more efficient data transfers or to preserve attributes of otherwise non-exportable objects (such as torch tensors or arrow tables). See ?mirai::serial_config for

details.

seconds_interval

Number of seconds between polling intervals waiting for certain internal synchronous operations to complete. In certain cases, exponential backoff is used with this argument passed to seconds_max in a crew_throttle() object.

seconds_timeout

Number of seconds until timing out while waiting for certain synchronous operations to complete, such as checking mirai::status().

seconds_launch Seconds of startup time to allow. A worker is unconditionally assumed to be

alive from the moment of its launch until seconds_launch seconds later. After seconds_launch seconds, the worker is only considered alive if it is actively

connected to its assign websocket.

the last task. If exceeded, the worker exits. But the timer does not launch until

crew_controller_local

tasks_timers tasks have completed. See the idletime argument of mirai::daemon().

crew does not excel with perfectly transient workers because it does not micromanage the assignment of tasks to workers, so please allow enough idle time for

a new worker to be delegated a new task.

seconds_wall Soft wall time in seconds. The timer does not launch until tasks_timers tasks

have completed. See the walltime argument of mirai::daemon().

seconds_exit Deprecated on 2023-09-21 in version 0.5.0.9002. No longer necessary.

retry_tasks Deprecated on 2025-01-13 (crew version 0.10.2.9002).

tasks_max Maximum number of tasks that a worker will do before exiting. See the maxtasks

argument of mirai::daemon(). crew does not excel with perfectly transient workers because it does not micromanage the assignment of tasks to workers, it

is recommended to set tasks_max to a value greater than 1.

See the timerstart argument of mirai::daemon().

reset_globals TRUE to reset global environment variables between tasks, FALSE to leave them

alone.

reset_packages TRUE to detach any packages loaded during a task (runs between each task),

FALSE to leave packages alone. In either case, the namespaces are not detached.

reset_options TRUE to reset global options to their original state between each task, FALSE oth-

erwise. It is recommended to only set reset_options = TRUE if reset_packages is also TRUE because packages sometimes rely on options they set at loading time. for this and other reasons, reset_options only resets options that were nonempty at the beginning of the task. If your task sets an entirely new option not already in options(), then reset_options = TRUE does not delete the

option.

garbage_collection

TRUE to run garbage collection after each task task, FALSE to skip.

crashes_error Deprecated on 2025-01-13 (crew version 0.10.2.9002).

launch_max Deprecated on 2024-11-04 (crew version 0.10.2.9002).

r_arguments Optional character vector of command line arguments to pass to Rscript (non-

Windows) or Rscript.exe (Windows) when starting a worker. Example: r_arguments

= c("--vanilla", "--max-connections=32").

crashes_max In rare cases, a worker may exit unexpectedly before it completes its current

task. If this happens, pop() returns a status of "crash" instead of "error" for the task. The controller does not automatically retry the task, but you can retry it manually by calling push() again and using the same task name as before. (However, targets pipelines running crew do automatically retry tasks whose

workers crashed.)

crashes_max is a non-negative integer, and it sets the maximum number of allowable consecutive crashes for a given task. If a task's worker crashes more than crashes_max times in a row, then pop() throws an error when it tries to

return the results of the task.

backup An optional crew controller object, or NULL to omit. If supplied, the backup

controller runs any pushed tasks that have already reached crashes_max consecutive crashes. Using backup, you can create a chain of controllers with different levels of resources (such as worker memory and CPUs) so that a task that

fails on one controller can retry using incrementally more powerful workers. All controllers in a backup chain should be part of the same controller group (see crew_controller_group()) so you can call the group-level pop() and collect() methods to make sure you get results regardless of which controller actually ended up running the task.

Limitations of backup: * crashes_max needs to be positive in order for backup to be used. Otherwise, every task would always skip the current controller and go to backup. * backup cannot be a controller group. It must be an ordinary controller.

options_metrics

Either NULL to opt out of resource metric logging for workers, or an object from crew_options_metrics() to enable and configure resource metric logging for workers. For resource logging to run, the autometric R package version 0.1.0 or higher must be installed.

 ${\tt options_local}$

An object generated by crew_options_local() with options specific to the local controller.

local_log_directory

Deprecated on 2024-10-08. Use options_local instead.

local_log_join Deprecated on 2024-10-08. Use options_local instead.

See Also

```
Other plugin_local: crew_class_launcher_local, crew_launcher_local()
```

Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  controller <- crew_controller_local()
  controller$start()
  controller$push(name = "task", command = sqrt(4))
  controller$wait()
  controller$pop()
  controller$terminate()
}</pre>
```

crew_controller_sequential

Create a sequential controller.

Description

The sequential controller runs tasks on the same R process where the controller object exists. Tasks run sequentially rather than in parallel.

Usage

```
crew_controller_sequential()
```

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See Also

Other sequential controllers: crew_class_controller_sequential

Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  controller <- crew_controller_sequential()
  controller$push(name = "task", command = sqrt(4))
  controller$pop()
}</pre>
```

crew_deprecate

Deprecate a crew feature.

Description

Show an informative warning when a crew feature is deprecated.

Usage

```
crew_deprecate(
  name,
  date,
  version,
  alternative,
  condition = "warning",
  value = "x",
  skip_cran = FALSE,
  frequency = "always"
)
```

Arguments

name Name of the feature (function or argument) to deprecate.

date Date of deprecation.

version Package version when deprecation was instated.

alternative Message about an alternative.

condition Either "warning" or "message" to indicate the type of condition thrown on dep-

recation.

value Value of the object. Deprecation is skipped if value is NULL.

skip_cran Logical of length 1, whether to skip the deprecation warning or message on

CRAN.

frequency Character of length 1, passed to the .frequency argument of rlang::warn().

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Value

NULL (invisibly). Throws a warning if a feature is deprecated.

See Also

```
Other utility: crew_assert(), crew_clean(), crew_eval(), crew_random_name(), crew_retry(), crew_terminate_process(), crew_terminate_signal(), crew_worker()
```

Examples

```
suppressWarnings(
  crew_deprecate(
   name = "auto_scale",
   date = "2023-05-18",
   version = "0.2.0",
   alternative = "use the scale argument of push(), pop(), and wait()."
  )
)
```

crew_eval

Evaluate an R command and return results as a monad.

Description

Not a user-side function. Do not call directly.

Usage

```
crew_eval(
  command,
  name,
  data = list(),
  globals = list(),
  seed = NULL,
  algorithm = NULL,
  packages = character(0),
  library = NULL,
  reset_globals = TRUE,
  reset_packages = FALSE,
  reset_options = FALSE,
  garbage_collection = FALSE)
```

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Arguments

command Language object with R code to run.

name Character of length 1, name of the task.

data Named list of local data objects in the evaluation environment.

globals Named list of objects to temporarily assign to the global environment for the

task.

seed Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator seed to set for

the evaluation of the task. Passed to the seed argument of set.seed() if not NULL. If algorithm and seed are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the recommended widely spaced worker-specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream(). See vignette("parallel", package =

"parallel") for details.

algorithm Integer of length 1 with the pseudo-random number generator algorithm to set

for the evaluation of the task. Passed to the kind argument of RNGkind() if not NULL. If algorithm and seed are both NULL, then the random number generator defaults to the recommended widely spaced worker-specific L'Ecuyer streams as supported by mirai::nextstream(). See vignette("parallel", package =

"parallel") for details.

packages Character vector of packages to load for the task.

library Library path to load the packages. See the lib.loc argument of require().

reset_globals TRUE to reset global environment variables between tasks, FALSE to leave them

alone.

reset_packages TRUE to detach any packages loaded during a task (runs between each task),

FALSE to leave packages alone. In either case, the namespaces are not detached.

reset_options TRUE to reset global options to their original state between each task, FALSE oth-

erwise. It is recommended to only set reset_options = TRUE if reset_packages is also TRUE because packages sometimes rely on options they set at loading time. for this and other reasons, reset_options only resets options that were nonempty at the beginning of the task. If your task sets an entirely new option not already in options(), then reset_options = TRUE does not delete the

option.

garbage_collection

TRUE to run garbage collection after each task task, FALSE to skip.

Details

The crew_eval() function evaluates an R expression in an encapsulated environment and returns a monad with the results, including warnings and error messages if applicable. The random number generator seed, globals, and global options are restored to their original values on exit.

Value

A monad object with results and metadata.

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See Also

```
Other utility: crew_assert(), crew_clean(), crew_deprecate(), crew_random_name(), crew_retry(), crew_terminate_process(), crew_terminate_signal(), crew_worker()
```

Examples

```
crew_eval(quote(1 + 1), name = "task_name")
```

crew_launcher

Create an abstract launcher.

Description

This function is useful for inheriting argument documentation in functions that create custom third-party launchers. See @inheritParams crew::crew_launcher in the source code file of crew_launcher_local().

Usage

```
crew_launcher(
  name = NULL,
  workers = 1L,
  seconds_interval = 1,
  seconds_timeout = 60,
  seconds_launch = 30,
  seconds_idle = 300,
  seconds_wall = Inf,
  seconds_exit = NULL,
  tasks_max = Inf,
  tasks_timers = 0L,
  reset_globals = NULL,
  reset_packages = NULL,
  reset_options = NULL,
  garbage_collection = NULL,
  crashes_error = NULL,
  launch_max = NULL,
  tls = crew::crew_tls(),
  processes = NULL,
  r_arguments = c("--no-save", "--no-restore"),
  options_metrics = crew::crew_options_metrics()
)
```

Arguments

name

Character string, name of the launcher. If the name is NULL, then a name is automatically generated when the launcher starts.

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workers

Maximum number of workers to run concurrently when auto-scaling, excluding task retries and manual calls to launch(). Special workers allocated for task retries do not count towards this limit, so the number of workers running at a given time may exceed this maximum. A smaller number of workers may run if the number of executing tasks is smaller than the supplied value of the workers argument.

seconds_interval

Number of seconds between polling intervals waiting for certain internal synchronous operations to complete. In certain cases, exponential backoff is used with this argument passed to seconds_max in a crew_throttle() object.

seconds_timeout

Number of seconds until timing out while waiting for certain synchronous operations to complete, such as checking mirai::status().

seconds_launch Seconds of startup time to allow. A worker is unconditionally assumed to be alive from the moment of its launch until seconds_launch seconds later. After seconds_launch seconds, the worker is only considered alive if it is actively connected to its assign websocket.

Maximum number of seconds that a worker can idle since the completion of the last task. If exceeded, the worker exits. But the timer does not launch until tasks_timers tasks have completed. See the idletime argument of mirai::daemon(). crew does not excel with perfectly transient workers because it does not micromanage the assignment of tasks to workers, so please allow enough idle time for a new worker to be delegated a new task.

seconds_wall Soft wall time in seconds. The timer does not launch until tasks_timers tasks have completed. See the walltime argument of mirai::daemon().

seconds_exit Deprecated on 2023-09-21 in version 0.5.0.9002. No longer necessary.

Maximum number of tasks that a worker will do before exiting. See the maxtasks argument of mirai::daemon(). crew does not excel with perfectly transient workers because it does not micromanage the assignment of tasks to workers, it is recommended to set tasks_max to a value greater than 1.

reset_globals Deprecated on 2025-05-30 (crew version 1.1.2.9004). Please use the reset_globals option of crew_controller() instead.

reset_packages Deprecated on 2025-05-30 (crew version 1.1.2.9004). Please use the reset_packages option of crew_controller() instead.

reset_options Deprecated on 2025-05-30 (crew version 1.1.2.9004). Please use the reset_options option of crew_controller() instead.

garbage_collection

Deprecated on 2025-05-30 (crew version 1.1.2.9004). Please use the garbage_collection option of crew_controller() instead.

crashes_error Deprecated on 2025-01-13 (crew version 0.10.2.9002).

launch_max Deprecated on 2024-11-04 (crew version 0.10.2.9002).

tls A TLS configuration object from crew_tls().

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processes

NULL or positive integer of length 1, number of local processes to launch to allow worker launches to happen asynchronously. If NULL, then no local processes are launched. If 1 or greater, then the launcher starts the processes on start() and ends them on terminate(). Plugins that may use these processes should run asynchronous calls using launcher\$async\$eval() and expect a mirai task object as the return value.

r_arguments

Optional character vector of command line arguments to pass to Rscript (non-Windows) or Rscript.exe (Windows) when starting a worker. Example: r_arguments = c("--vanilla", "--max-connections=32").

options_metrics

Either NULL to opt out of resource metric logging for workers, or an object from crew_options_metrics() to enable and configure resource metric logging for workers. For resource logging to run, the autometric R package version 0.1.0 or higher must be installed.

See Also

Other launcher: crew_class_launcher

Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  client <- crew_client()
  client$start()
  launcher <- crew_launcher_local()
  launcher$start(url = client$url, profile = client$profile)
  launcher$launch()
  task <- mirai::mirai("result", .compute = client$profile)
  mirai::call_mirai(task)
  task$data
  client$terminate()
}</pre>
```

crew_launcher_local

Create a launcher with local process workers.

Description

Create an R6 object to launch and maintain local process workers.

Usage

```
crew_launcher_local(
  name = NULL,
  workers = 1L,
  seconds_interval = 1,
  seconds_timeout = 60,
  seconds_launch = 30,
```

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```
seconds_idle = Inf,
  seconds_wall = Inf,
  seconds_exit = NULL,
  tasks_max = Inf,
  tasks_timers = 0L,
  reset_globals = NULL,
  reset_packages = NULL,
  reset_options = NULL,
  garbage_collection = NULL,
  crashes_error = NULL,
  launch_max = NULL,
  tls = crew::crew_tls(),
  r_arguments = c("--no-save", "--no-restore"),
  options_metrics = crew::crew_options_metrics(),
  options_local = crew::crew_options_local(),
  local_log_directory = NULL,
  local_log_join = NULL
)
```

Arguments

name

Character string, name of the launcher. If the name is NULL, then a name is automatically generated when the launcher starts.

workers

Maximum number of workers to run concurrently when auto-scaling, excluding task retries and manual calls to launch(). Special workers allocated for task retries do not count towards this limit, so the number of workers running at a given time may exceed this maximum. A smaller number of workers may run if the number of executing tasks is smaller than the supplied value of the workers argument.

seconds_interval

Number of seconds between polling intervals waiting for certain internal synchronous operations to complete. In certain cases, exponential backoff is used with this argument passed to seconds_max in a crew_throttle() object.

seconds_timeout

Number of seconds until timing out while waiting for certain synchronous operations to complete, such as checking mirai::status().

seconds_launch

Seconds of startup time to allow. A worker is unconditionally assumed to be alive from the moment of its launch until seconds_launch seconds later. After seconds_launch seconds, the worker is only considered alive if it is actively connected to its assign websocket.

seconds_idle

Maximum number of seconds that a worker can idle since the completion of the last task. If exceeded, the worker exits. But the timer does not launch until tasks_timers tasks have completed. See the idletime argument of mirai::daemon(). crew does not excel with perfectly transient workers because it does not micromanage the assignment of tasks to workers, so please allow enough idle time for a new worker to be delegated a new task.

seconds_wall

Soft wall time in seconds. The timer does not launch until tasks_timers tasks have completed. See the walltime argument of mirai::daemon().

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Deprecated on 2023-09-21 in version 0.5.0.9002. No longer necessary. seconds_exit Maximum number of tasks that a worker will do before exiting. See the maxtasks tasks_max argument of mirai::daemon(). crew does not excel with perfectly transient workers because it does not micromanage the assignment of tasks to workers, it is recommended to set tasks_max to a value greater than 1. Number of tasks to do before activating the timers for seconds_idle and seconds_wall. tasks_timers See the timerstart argument of mirai::daemon(). Deprecated on 2025-05-30 (crew version 1.1.2.9004). Please use the reset_globals reset_globals option of crew_controller() instead. reset_packages Deprecated on 2025-05-30 (crew version 1.1.2.9004). Please use the reset_packages option of crew_controller() instead. Deprecated on 2025-05-30 (crew version 1.1.2.9004). Please use the reset_options reset_options option of crew_controller() instead. garbage_collection Deprecated on 2025-05-30 (crew version 1.1.2.9004). Please use the garbage_collection option of crew_controller() instead. crashes_error Deprecated on 2025-01-13 (crew version 0.10.2.9002). Deprecated on 2024-11-04 (crew version 0.10.2.9002). launch max tls A TLS configuration object from crew_tls(). Optional character vector of command line arguments to pass to Rscript (nonr_arguments Windows) or Rscript.exe (Windows) when starting a worker. Example: r_arguments = c("--vanilla", "--max-connections=32"). options_metrics Either NULL to opt out of resource metric logging for workers, or an object from crew_options_metrics() to enable and configure resource metric logging for workers. For resource logging to run, the autometric R package version 0.1.0 or higher must be installed. options_local An object generated by crew_options_local() with options specific to the local controller. local_log_directory Deprecated on 2024-10-08. Use options_local instead. local_log_join Deprecated on 2024-10-08. Use options_local instead.

See Also

```
Other plugin_local: crew_class_launcher_local, crew_controller_local()
```

Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
  client <- crew_client()
  client$start()
  launcher <- crew_launcher_local(name = client$name)
  launcher$start(url = client$url, profile = client$profile)
  launcher$launch()
  task <- mirai::mirai("result", .compute = client$profile)</pre>
```

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```
mirai::call_mirai(task)
task$data
client$terminate()
}
```

crew_monitor_local

Create a local monitor object.

Description

Create an R6 object to monitor local processes created by crew and mirai.

Usage

```
crew_monitor_local()
```

See Also

Other monitor: crew_class_monitor_local

crew_options_local

Local crew launcher options.

Description

Options for the local crew launcher.

Usage

```
crew_options_local(log_directory = NULL, log_join = TRUE)
```

Arguments

log_directory

Either NULL or a character of length 1 with the file path to a directory to write worker-specific log files with standard output and standard error messages. Each log file represents a single *instance* of a running worker, so there will be more log files if a given worker starts and terminates a lot. Set to NULL to suppress log

files (default).

log_join

Logical of length 1. If TRUE, crew will write standard output and standard error to the same log file for each worker instance. If FALSE, then they these two streams will go to different log files with informative suffixes.

Value

A classed list of options for the local launcher.

See Also

Other options: crew_options_metrics()

Examples

crew_options_local()

crew_options_metrics Options for logging resource usage metrics.

Description

crew_options_metrics() configures the crew to record resource usage metrics (such as CPU and memory usage) for each running worker. To be activate resource usage logging, the autometric R package version 0.1.0 or higher must be installed.

Logging happens in the background (through a detached POSIX) so as not to disrupt the R session. On Unix-like systems, crew_options_metrics() can specify /dev/stdout or /dev/stderr as the log files, which will redirect output to existing logs you are already using. autometric::log_read() and autometric::log_plot() can read and visualize resource usage data from multiple log files, even if those files are mixed with other messages.

Usage

```
crew_options_metrics(path = NULL, seconds_interval = 5)
```

Arguments

path

Where to write resource metric log entries for workers. path = NULL disables logging. path equal to "/dev/stdout" (or "/dev/stderr") sends log messages to the standard output (or standard error) streams, which is recommended on Unix-like systems because then output will go to the existing log files already configured for the controller, e.g. through crew_options_local() in the case of crew_controller_local(). If path is not NULL, "/dev/stdout", or "/dev/stderr", it should be a directory path, in which case each worker instance will write to a new file in that directory.

After running enough tasks in crew, you can call autometric::log_read(path) to read all the data from all the log files in the files or directories at path, even if the logs files are mixed with other kinds of messages. Pass that data into autometric::log_plot() to visualize it.

seconds_interval

Positive number, seconds between resource metric log entries written to path.

Value

A classed list of options for logging resource usage metrics.

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See Also

```
Other options: crew_options_local()
```

Examples

```
crew_options_metrics()
```

crew_queue

Create a crew queue object.

Description

Create an R6 crew queue object.

Usage

```
crew_queue(data = character(0L), step = 1000L)
```

Arguments

data Character vector of initial queue data.

step Positive integer with the number of elements to extend the queue on each call to

the extend() method.

Details

A crew queue is a classical first-in-first-out data structure that extends itself in chunks (of size step) to avoid overhead. crew uses queues to efficiently track the names of resolved tasks and backlogged tasks.

Value

A queue object.

See Also

Other queue: crew_class_queue

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crew_random_name

Random name

Description

Generate a random string that can be used as a name for a worker or task.

Usage

```
crew_random_name(n = 12L)
```

Arguments

n

Number of bytes of information in the random string hashed to generate the name. Larger n is more likely to generate unique names, but it may be slower to compute.

Details

The randomness is not reproducible and cannot be set with e.g. set.seed() in R.

Value

A random character string.

See Also

```
Other utility: crew_assert(), crew_clean(), crew_deprecate(), crew_eval(), crew_retry(), crew_terminate_process(), crew_terminate_signal(), crew_worker()
```

Examples

```
crew_random_name()
```

crew_relay

Create a crew relay object.

Description

Create an R6 crew relay object.

Usage

```
crew_relay(throttle = crew_throttle())
```

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Arguments

```
throttle A crew_throttle() object.
```

Details

A crew relay object keeps the signaling relationships among condition variables.

Value

An R6 crew relay object.

See Also

```
Other relay: crew_class_relay
```

Examples

```
crew_relay()
```

crew_retry

Retry code.

Description

Repeatedly retry a function while it keeps returning FALSE and exit the loop when it returns TRUE

Usage

```
crew_retry(
   fun,
   args = list(),
   seconds_interval = 1,
   seconds_timeout = 60,
   max_tries = Inf,
   error = TRUE,
   message = character(0),
   envir = parent.frame(),
   assertions = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

fun Function that returns FALSE to keep waiting or TRUE to stop waiting.

args A named list of arguments to fun.

seconds_interval

Nonnegative numeric of length 1, number of seconds to wait between calls to fun.

seconds_timeout

Nonnegative numeric of length 1, number of seconds to loop before timing out.

max_tries Maximum number of calls to fun to try before giving up.

error Whether to throw an error on a timeout or max tries.

message Character of length 1, optional error message if the wait times out.

envir Environment to evaluate fun.

assertions TRUE to run assertions to check if arguments are valid, FALSE otherwise. TRUE is

recommended for users.

Value

```
NULL (invisibly).
```

See Also

```
Other utility: crew_assert(), crew_clean(), crew_deprecate(), crew_eval(), crew_random_name(), crew_terminate_process(), crew_terminate_signal(), crew_worker()
```

Examples

```
crew_retry(fun = function() TRUE)
```

crew_terminate_process

Manually terminate a local process.

Description

Manually terminate a local process.

Usage

```
crew_terminate_process(pid)
```

Arguments

pid Integer of length 1, process ID to terminate.

Value

```
NULL (invisibly).
```

See Also

```
Other utility: crew_assert(), crew_clean(), crew_deprecate(), crew_eval(), crew_random_name(), crew_retry(), crew_terminate_signal(), crew_worker()
```

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Examples

```
if (identical(Sys.getenv("CREW_EXAMPLES"), "true")) {
process <- processx::process$new("sleep", "60")
process$is_alive()
crew_terminate_process(pid = process$get_pid())
process$is_alive()
}</pre>
```

crew_terminate_signal Get the termination signal.

Description

Get a supported operating system signal for terminating a local process.

Usage

```
crew_terminate_signal()
```

Value

An integer of length 1: tools::SIGTERM if your platform supports SIGTERM. If not, then crew_crew_terminate_signal()() checks SIGQUIT, then SIGINT, then SIGKILL, and then returns the first signal it finds that your operating system can use.

See Also

```
Other utility: crew_assert(), crew_clean(), crew_deprecate(), crew_eval(), crew_random_name(), crew_retry(), crew_terminate_process(), crew_worker()
```

Examples

```
crew_terminate_signal()
```

crew_throttle

Create a stateful throttling object.

Description

Create an R6 object for throttling.

88 crew_throttle

Usage

```
crew_throttle(
  seconds_max = 1,
  seconds_min = 0.001,
  seconds_start = seconds_min,
  base = 2
)
```

Arguments

seconds_max Positive numeric scalar, maximum throttling interval seconds_min Positive numeric scalar, minimum throttling interval.

seconds_start Positive numeric scalar, the initial wait time interval in seconds. The default is

min because there is almost always auto-scaling to be done when the controller is created. reset() always sets the current wait interval back to seconds_start.

base Numeric scalar greater than 1, base of the exponential backoff algorithm. increment()

multiplies the waiting interval by base and decrement() divides the waiting interval by base. The default base is 2, which specifies a binary exponential

backoff algorithm.

Details

Throttling is a technique that limits how often a function is called in a given period of time. crew_throttle() objects support the throttle argument of controller methods, which ensures auto-scaling does not induce superfluous overhead. The throttle uses deterministic exponential backoff algorithm (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Exponential_backoff) which increases wait times when there is nothing to do and decreases wait times when there is something to do. The controller decreases or increases the wait time with methods accelerate() and decelerate() in the throttle object, respectively, by dividing or multiplying by base (but keeping the wait time between seconds_min and seconds_max). In practice, crew calls reset() instead of update() in order to respond quicker to surges of activity (see the update() method).

Value

An R6 object with throttle configuration settings and methods.

See Also

```
Other throttle: crew_class_throttle
```

Examples

```
throttle <- crew_throttle(seconds_max = 1)
throttle$poll()
throttle$poll()</pre>
```

89 crew_tls

crew_tls

Configure TLS.

Description

Create an R6 object with transport layer security (TLS) configuration for crew.

Usage

```
crew_tls(
  mode = "none",
  key = NULL,
  password = NULL,
  certificates = NULL,
  validate = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

mode

Character of length 1. Must be one of the following:

- "none": disable TLS configuration.
- "automatic": let mirai create a one-time key pair with a self-signed cer-
- "custom": manually supply a private key pair, an optional password for the private key, a certificate, an optional revocation list.

key

If mode is "none" or "automatic", then key is NULL. If mode is "custom", then key is a character of length 1 with the file path to the private key file.

password

If mode is "none" or "automatic", then password is NULL. If mode is "custom" and the private key is not encrypted, then password is still NULL. If mode is "custom" and the private key is encrypted, then password is a character of length 1 the the password of the private key. In this case, DO NOT SAVE THE PASSWORD IN YOUR R CODE FILES. See the keyring R package for solutions.

certificates

If mode is "none" or "automatic", then certificates is NULL. If mode is "custom", then certificates is a character vector of file paths to certificate files (signed public keys). If the certificate is self-signed or if it is directly signed by a certificate authority (CA), then only the certificate of the CA is needed. But if you have a whole certificate chain which begins at your own certificate and ends with the CA, then you can supply the whole certificate chain as a character vector which begins at your own certificate and ends with the certificate of the CA.

validate

Logical of length 1, whether to validate the configuration object on creation. If FALSE, then validate() can be called later on.

90 crew_worker

Details

```
crew_tls() objects are input to the tls argument of crew_client(), crew_controller_local(),
etc. See https://wlandau.github.io/crew/articles/risks.html for details.
```

Value

An R6 object with TLS configuration settings and methods.

See Also

```
Other tls: crew_class_tls
```

Examples

```
crew_tls(mode = "automatic")
```

crew_worker

Crew worker.

Description

Launches a crew worker which runs a mirai daemon. Not a user-side function. Users should not call crew_worker() directly. See launcher plugins like crew_launcher_local() for examples.

Usage

```
crew_worker(
  settings,
  launcher,
  worker,
  options_metrics = crew::crew_options_metrics()
)
```

Arguments

settings Named list of arguments to mirai::daemon().

launcher Character string, name of the launcher

worker Character of length 1 to uniquely identify the current worker.

options_metrics

Either NULL to opt out of resource metric logging for workers, or an object from crew_options_metrics() to enable and configure resource metric logging for workers. For resource logging to run, the autometric R package version 0.1.0 or higher must be installed.

Value

```
NULL (invisibly)
```

crew_worker 91

See Also

Other utility: crew_assert(), crew_clean(), crew_deprecate(), crew_eval(), crew_random_name(), crew_retry(), crew_terminate_process(), crew_terminate_signal()

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