

Package ‘rLifting’

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Title High-Performance Wavelet Lifting Transforms

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Description Performs Wavelet Lifting Transforms focusing on signal denoising and functional data analysis (FDA). Implements a hybrid architecture with a zero-allocation 'C++' core for high-performance processing. Features include unified offline (batch) denoising, causal (real-time) filtering using a ring buffer engine, and adaptive recursive thresholding.

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URL <https://github.com/mkyou/rLifting>

BugReports <https://github.com/mkyou/rLifting/issues>

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benchmark_causal	<i>Causal Benchmark Results</i>
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Description

Comparison of execution time between rLifting's optimized causal mode and a naive sliding-window implementation using wavethresh.

Usage

```
data(benchmark_causal)
```

Format

A list containing:

rLifting_Time_Avg Average time (seconds) for rLifting.

Wavethresh_Naive_Time Time (seconds) for naive sliding window.

Speedup_Factor Ratio of Naive Time to rLifting Time.

benchmark_offline	<i>Offline Benchmark Results</i>
-------------------	----------------------------------

Description

Comparison of execution time and reconstruction error (MSE) between rLifting and other packages (wavethresh, wavelets) using Haar wavelet.

Usage

```
data(benchmark_offline)
```

Format

A data frame with the following columns:

Pkg Package name.

Time Execution time in seconds.

MSE Mean Squared Error.

compute_adaptive_threshold	<i>Calculate Adaptive Threshold (Recursive)</i>
----------------------------	---

Description

Estimates the optimal noise threshold based on current window statistics. Implements the recursive formula from Liu et al. (2014). Accelerated with 'C++'.

Usage

```
compute_adaptive_threshold(lwt_obj, alpha = 0.3, beta = 1.2)
```

Arguments

lwt_obj	Object returned by <code>lwt()</code> .
alpha	Recursive adjustment parameter (Eq. 9).
beta	Initial threshold scale factor (Eq. 9).

Value

Object of class `adaptive_thresholds` (a list of thresholds).

custom_wavelet	<i>Create a custom wavelet</i>
----------------	--------------------------------

Description

Wrapper to create a `lifting_scheme` object from manual steps.

Usage

```
custom_wavelet(name, steps, norm = c(1, 1))
```

Arguments

name	Identifier name for the wavelet.
steps	List of steps created via <code>lift_step</code> .
norm	Normalization vector $c(K, 1/K)$.

Value

An object of class `lifting_scheme`.

Examples

```
p1 = lift_step("predict", c(1), position = "center")
u1 = lift_step("update", c(0.5), position = "center")
w = custom_wavelet("HaarManual", list(p1, u1), c(1.41, 0.707))
```

denoise_signal_causal *Causal Batch Denoising (Turbo Simulation)*

Description

Processes a complete signal simulating the sequential arrival of data. Uses the specialized 'C++' class WaveletEngine to perform causal filtering efficiently on a historical dataset.

Usage

```
denoise_signal_causal(  
    signal,  
    scheme,  
    levels = 1,  
    window_size = 256,  
    alpha = 0.3,  
    beta = 1.2,  
    method = "semisoft",  
    extension = "symmetric",  
    update_freq = 1  
)
```

Arguments

signal	Complete vector of the noisy signal.
scheme	lifting_scheme object.
levels	Decomposition levels.
window_size	Window size.
alpha	Threshold decay parameter (Eq 9).
beta	Threshold gain factor (Eq 9).
method	Thresholding method ("soft", "hard", "semisoft").
extension	Boundary treatment ('symmetric', 'periodic').
update_freq	Frequency of threshold updates.

Value

Filtered vector (same length as input).

`denoise_signal_offline`*Offline Denoising (Global Batch)*

Description

Performs denoising on the entire signal at once using a non-causal approach. Uses global statistics for recursive threshold calculation (Eq. 9). This function is fully optimized in 'C++' (Zero-Allocation).

Usage

```
denoise_signal_offline(  
    signal,  
    scheme,  
    alpha = 0.3,  
    beta = 1.2,  
    levels = 3,  
    method = "semisoft",  
    extension = "symmetric"  
)
```

Arguments

signal	Numeric vector containing the complete signal.
scheme	A <code>lifting_scheme</code> object.
alpha	Recursive threshold parameter.
beta	Threshold scale factor.
levels	Number of decomposition levels.
method	Thresholding method ("hard", "soft", "semisoft").
extension	Extension mode ("symmetric", "periodic", "zero").

Value

Filtered numeric vector (same length as input).

diagnose_wavelet	<i>Complete Wavelet Diagnosis</i>
------------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Runs a battery of physical and mathematical tests on a wavelet.

Usage

```
diagnose_wavelet(wavelet_name, config, verbose = TRUE, plot = TRUE)
```

Arguments

wavelet_name	Name string or a lifting_scheme object.
config	Configuration list (is_ortho, vm_degrees, max_taps).
verbose	Print results to console handling? (Defaults to TRUE).
plot	Boolean. Visualize basis functions during diagnosis? (Defaults to TRUE).

Value

An object of class `wavelet_diagnosis` (S3), which is a list containing the results of each test. The object has a dedicated `print` method.

doppler_example	<i>Noisy Doppler Signal Example</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Description

A synthetic dataset containing a Doppler signal contaminated with Gaussian noise. Used in the "General Usage" vignette.

Usage

```
data(doppler_example)
```

Format

A data frame with 2048 rows and 3 columns:

index Time index.

original The pure Doppler signal.

noisy The signal with added Gaussian noise (sd=0.5).

ilwt	<i>Inverse Lifting Wavelet Transform ('C++' Accelerated)</i>
------	--

Description

Reconstructs the original signal from wavelet coefficients. Optimized with 'C++' backend.

Usage

```
ilwt(lwt_obj, scheme = NULL)
```

Arguments

lwt_obj	Object of class 'lwt' returned by lwt().
scheme	(Optional) lifting_scheme object. If NULL, uses the one from lwt_obj.

Value

Numeric vector containing the reconstructed signal.

Examples

```
s = c(1, 2, 3, 4)
sch = lifting_scheme("haar")
fwd = lwt(s, sch)
rec = ilwt(fwd)
print(rec) # Should match s
```

leakage_results	<i>Leakage (Impulse Response) Results</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Measurement of energy leakage into the "past" when processing an impulse signal. Used to demonstrate the zero-lookahead property of the causal mode.

Usage

```
data(leakage_results)
```

Format

A data frame with:

Method Method description (e.g. "rLifting causal").

Leakage Sum of squared differences (leakage energy).

lifting_scheme	<i>Lifting Scheme Constructor</i>
----------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Creates an S3 object containing the prediction (P) and update (U) steps required for the Lifting Transform.

Usage

```
lifting_scheme(wavelet = "haar", custom_steps = NULL, custom_norm = NULL)
```

Arguments

wavelet	Wavelet name (string). Options: "haar", "db2", "cdf53", "cdf97", "dd4", "lazy".
custom_steps	List of custom steps (optional). If provided, ignores internal lookup.
custom_norm	Normalization vector (optional).

Value

An object of class lifting_scheme.

lift_step	<i>Create an individual Lifting Step</i>
-----------	--

Description

Helper function to create prediction (P) or update (U) steps, abstracting the complexity of index management.

Usage

```
lift_step(  
  type = c("predict", "update"),  
  coeffs,  
  start_idx = NULL,  
  position = "center"  
)
```

Arguments

type	Step type: "predict" (P) or "update" (U).
coeffs	Numeric vector containing the filter coefficients.
start_idx	(Optional) Manual start index. If provided, ignores the position parameter. Use this for fine-grained control.
position	Automatic index adjustment (used only if start_idx is NULL): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "center": Centers the filter (default). • "left": Causal filter (looks into the past). • "right": Anti-causal filter (looks into the future).

Value

A list formatted for the internal lifting engine.

lwt	<i>Lifting Wavelet Transform (Forward)</i>
-----	--

Description

Performs the Forward Wavelet Transform using the Lifting Scheme. Optimized with 'C++' backend.

Usage

```
lwt(signal, scheme, levels = 1, extension = "symmetric")
```

Arguments

signal	Numeric vector containing the input signal.
scheme	A lifting_scheme object.
levels	Integer. Number of decomposition levels.
extension	Boundary extension mode: "symmetric" (default), "periodic", or "zero".

Value

An object of class 'lwt'. It is a list containing 'coeffs' (list of details d1..dn and approximation an) and 'scheme' (the scheme object used).

Examples

```
data = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)
sch = lifting_scheme("haar")
res = lwt(data, sch, levels = 2)
print(res)
```

new_wavelet_stream *Create an Adaptive Wavelet Stream Processor ('C++' Core)*

Description

Generates a stateful function backed by a high-performance 'C++' Ring Buffer engine. It implements Sliding Window + Lifting Decomposition + Adaptive Thresholding in constant amortized time ($O(1)$) per sample.

Usage

```
new_wavelet_stream(  
  scheme,  
  window_size = 256,  
  levels = 1,  
  alpha = 0.3,  
  beta = 1.2,  
  method = "semisoft",  
  extension = "symmetric",  
  update_freq = 1  
)
```

Arguments

scheme	A lifting_scheme object.
window_size	Sliding window size (W). Must be > 8.
levels	Decomposition levels (default 1).
alpha	Threshold decay parameter (Eq 9).
beta	Threshold gain factor (Eq 9).
method	Shrinkage method: "hard", "soft", "semisoft".
extension	Boundary handling ('symmetric', 'periodic', 'zero').
update_freq	How often to recompute threshold statistics (default 1).

Value

A closure function processor(new_sample) that accepts a single numeric value and returns the filtered value immediately.

plot.adaptive_thresholds

Plot method for Adaptive Thresholds

Description

Plot method for Adaptive Thresholds

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'adaptive_thresholds'  
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x Object of class adaptive_thresholds.
... Additional arguments.

Value

Invisibly returns NULL.

plot.lifting_scheme

Plot method for Lifting Scheme

Description

Plot method for Lifting Scheme

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lifting_scheme'  
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object of class lifting_scheme.
... Additional arguments passed to visualize_wavelet_basis.

Value

Invisibly returns NULL.

plot.lwt	<i>Plot method for LWT Decomposition</i>
----------	--

Description

Plot method for LWT Decomposition

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lwt'  
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An object of class lwt.
...	Additional arguments.

Value

Invisibly returns NULL.

print.adaptive_thresholds	<i>Print method for Adaptive Thresholds</i>
---------------------------	---

Description

Print method for Adaptive Thresholds

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'adaptive_thresholds'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	Object of class adaptive_thresholds.
...	Additional arguments.

Value

Invisibly returns x.

`print.lifting_scheme` *Print method*

Description

Print method

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lifting_scheme'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

`x` object of class `lifting_scheme`.
`...` additional arguments.

Value

Invisibly returns NULL. Called for side effects (printing).

`print.lwt` *Print method for LWT*

Description

Print method for LWT

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lwt'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

`x` An object of class `lwt`.
`...` Additional arguments.

Value

Invisibly returns NULL. Called for side effects (printing).

print.wavelet_diagnosis *Print method for Wavelet Diagnosis*

Description

Print method for Wavelet Diagnosis

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'wavelet_diagnosis'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x Object of class wavelet_diagnosis.
... Additional arguments.

Value

Invisibly returns x.

print.wavelet_stream *Print method for Wavelet Stream Processor*

Description

Print method for Wavelet Stream Processor

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'wavelet_stream'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x Object of class wavelet_stream.
... Additional arguments.

Value

Invisibly returns x.

rLifting

rLifting: High-Performance Wavelet Lifting Transforms

Description

A unified framework for Wavelet Transforms using the Lifting Scheme. It provides robust tools for offline signal analysis and functional data analysis (FDA), while also enabling high-performance causal processing for real-time applications via a specialized 'C++' core.

Author(s)

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See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/mkyou/rLifting>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/mkyou/rLifting/issues>

threshold

General Thresholding Wrapper

Description

General Thresholding Wrapper

Usage

```
threshold(x, lambda, method = "soft")
```

Arguments

x	Input vector.
lambda	Threshold value.
method	Method: "hard", "soft" or "semisoft".

Value

Numeric vector of the same length as x with thresholded coefficients.

threshold_hard	<i>Hard Thresholding</i>
----------------	--------------------------

Description

Sets coefficients below the threshold to zero, keeping others unchanged. Known as the "keep or kill" policy.

Usage

```
threshold_hard(x, lambda)
```

Arguments

x	Vector of coefficients (details).
lambda	Positive threshold value.

Value

Processed vector.

threshold_semisoft	<i>Semisoft Shrinkage (Hyperbolic)</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Implementation based on Liu et al. (2014). Combines the stability of Soft Thresholding with the amplitude precision of Hard Thresholding. Function: $\text{sign}(x) * \sqrt{x^2 - \lambda^2}$ for values above lambda.

Usage

```
threshold_semisoft(x, lambda)
```

Arguments

x	Vector of coefficients.
lambda	Positive threshold value.

Value

Processed vector.

threshold_soft	<i>Soft Thresholding</i>
----------------	--------------------------

Description

Sets coefficients below the threshold to zero and shrinks others towards zero. Reduces noise variance but introduces amplitude bias.

Usage

```
threshold_soft(x, lambda)
```

Arguments

x	Vector of coefficients.
lambda	Positive threshold value.

Value

Processed vector.

validate_compact_support	<i>Validate Compact Support (FIR Compliance)</i>
--------------------------	--

Description

Verifies if the impulse response is finite (FIR Filter).

Usage

```
validate_compact_support(scheme, max_width)
```

Arguments

scheme	Object of class <code>lifting_scheme</code> .
max_width	Maximum expected width (number of taps).

Value

List with status and number of active taps.

`validate_orthogonality`*Validate Orthogonality (Energy Conservation)*

Description

Verifies Parseval's Theorem. Only applicable for orthogonal wavelets.

Usage

```
validate_orthogonality(scheme, expected = TRUE, tol = 1e-09)
```

Arguments

<code>scheme</code>	Object of class <code>lifting_scheme</code> .
<code>expected</code>	Boolean. If TRUE, expects orthogonality.
<code>tol</code>	Tolerance (default 1e-9).

Value

List with status and energy ratio (Out/In).

`validate_perfect_reconstruction`*Validate Perfect Reconstruction (Stress Test)*

Description

Verifies wavelet invertibility against a battery of signals.

Usage

```
validate_perfect_reconstruction(scheme, tol = 1e-09)
```

Arguments

<code>scheme</code>	Object of class <code>lifting_scheme</code> .
<code>tol</code>	Numerical error tolerance (default 1e-9).

Value

List with global status and maximum error found.

`validate_shift_sensitivity`*Validate Shift Sensitivity (Shift Variance)*

Description

Decimated wavelets are not translation invariant. This test quantifies the variation in detail energy when shifting the input signal by 1 sample.

Usage

```
validate_shift_sensitivity(scheme)
```

Arguments

`scheme` Object of class `lifting_scheme`.

Value

List with status and percentage variation.

`validate_vanishing_moments`*Validate Vanishing Moments*

Description

Verifies if the wavelet cancels polynomials of a specific degree.

Usage

```
validate_vanishing_moments(scheme, degree = 0, tol = 1e-09)
```

Arguments

`scheme` Object of class `lifting_scheme`.
`degree` Polynomial degree (0=Constant, 1=Ramp, 2=Parabola...).
`tol` Residual energy tolerance (default 1e-9).

Value

List with status and residual energy.

`visualize_wavelet_basis`*Visualize Basis Functions (Scaling and Wavelet)*

Description

Plots the waveform by iterating the reconstruction over several levels.

Usage

```
visualize_wavelet_basis(scheme, plot = TRUE, levels = 8)
```

Arguments

<code>scheme</code>	Object of class <code>lifting_scheme</code> .
<code>plot</code>	Boolean.
<code>levels</code>	Number of cascade levels.

Value

Invisibly returns `NULL`. Called for side effects (plotting).

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