

# Package ‘rrobot’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Robust Outlier Detection for Diverse Distributions

**Version** 0.1.3

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**Description** Provides robust outlier detection techniques for identifying anomalies in multivariate data, with a focus on methods that remain effective under non-Gaussian distributions. For more details see Saluja, Parlak, and Mejia (2026+) <[doi:10.48550/arXiv.2505.11806](https://doi.org/10.48550/arXiv.2505.11806)>.

**License** GPL-3

**URL** <https://github.com/mandymejia/rrobot>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/mandymejia/rrobot/issues>

**Depends** R (>= 3.6.0)

**Imports** MASS, stats, cellWise, expm, robustbase, gamlss, imputeTS, isotree, ggplot2, tidyr, reshape2, rlang

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---

... *Dots parameter documentation*

---

**Description**

Dots parameter documentation

**Arguments**

... Additional arguments to to method-specific functions.

---

alpha *Alpha parameter documentation*

---

**Description**

Alpha parameter documentation

**Arguments**

alpha Significance level used to compute RD threshold (default = 0.01 for 99th percentile).

---

B *B parameter documentation*

---

**Description**

B parameter documentation

**Arguments**

B Integer; number of bootstrap samples per imputed dataset (default = 1000).

---

binwidth *Binwidth parameter documentation*

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**Description**

Binwidth parameter documentation

**Arguments**

binwidth Histogram bin width (default = 0.1).

---

boot_quant	<i>Boot_quant parameter documentation</i>
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---

**Description**

Boot\_quant parameter documentation

**Arguments**

boot_quant	Numeric; confidence level for bootstrap confidence intervals (default = 0.95, for 95% CI).
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compute_RD	<i>Compute Squared robust distance and covariance from a Subset</i>
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**Description**

Calculates the robust mean, covariance matrix, and optionally robust distances using either:

- "auto" mode: automatically selects the best robust subset using covMcd
- "manual" mode: uses provided robust covariance matrix and subset indices

**Usage**

```
compute_RD(
  x,
  mode = c("auto", "manual"),
  cov_mcd = NULL,
  ind_incl = NULL,
  dist = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

x	A numeric matrix or data frame of dimensions $T \times p$ (observations $\times$ variables).
mode	Character string; either "auto" (default) to compute MCD internally or "manual" to use user-supplied values.
cov_mcd	Optional covariance matrix ( $p \times p$ ); required in "manual" mode.
ind_incl	Optional vector of row indices used to compute the robust mean; required in "manual" mode.
dist	Logical; if TRUE, compute squared robust Mahalanobis distances for all observations.

**Value**

A list with elements:

**ind\_incl** Vector of row indices used to compute the robust mean and covariance.

**ind\_excl** Vector of excluded row indices.

**h** Number of included observations.

**xbar\_star** Robust mean vector (length p).

**S\_star** Robust covariance matrix ( $p \times p$ ).

**invcov\_sqrt** Matrix square root of the inverse covariance matrix ( $p \times p$ ).

**RD** Squared robust distances for all observations (length T), or NULL if dist = FALSE.

**call** The matched function call.

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 cov\_mcd

*Cov\_mcd parameter documentation*


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**Description**

Cov\_mcd parameter documentation

**Arguments**

cov\_mcd            Optional covariance matrix ( $p \times p$ ); required in "manual" mode.

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 cutoff

*Cutoff parameter documentation*


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**Description**

Cutoff parameter documentation

**Arguments**

cutoff            A numeric value indicating how many MADs away from the median to flag as outliers. The default value is set to be 4.

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dist *Dist parameter documentation*

---

### Description

Dist parameter documentation

### Arguments

dist Logical; if TRUE, compute squared robust Mahalanobis distances for all observations.

---

impute\_method *Impute\_method parameter documentation*

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### Description

Impute\_method parameter documentation

### Arguments

impute\_method Character string; imputation method for univariate outliers.

---

imp\_data *Imp\_data parameter documentation*

---

### Description

Imp\_data parameter documentation

### Arguments

imp\_data A numeric matrix ( $T \times p$ ) of single-imputed data.

---

imp\_datasets *Imp\_datasets parameter documentation*

---

### Description

Imp\_datasets parameter documentation

### Arguments

imp\_datasets A list of  $M$  numeric matrices ( $T \times p$ ); multiply imputed datasets.

---

ind_incl	<i>Ind_incl parameter documentation</i>
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**Description**

Ind\_incl parameter documentation

**Arguments**

ind_incl	Optional vector of row indices used to compute the robust mean; required in "manual" mode.
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k	<i>K parameter documentation</i>
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**Description**

K parameter documentation

**Arguments**

k	Integer; number of perturbation cycles per imputation (default = 10).
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M	<i>M parameter documentation</i>
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**Description**

M parameter documentation

**Arguments**

M	Integer; number of multiply imputed datasets (default = 5).
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method	<i>Threshold_method parameter documentation</i>
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**Description**

Threshold\_method parameter documentation

**Arguments**

method	Character string; one of "all", "SI", "SI_boot", "MI", "MI_boot", "F", "SHASH".
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method_univOut	<i>Method_univOut parameter documentation</i>
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**Description**

Method\_univOut parameter documentation

**Arguments**

method	Character string. One of "SHASH" or "robZ".
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mode	<i>Mode parameter documentation</i>
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**Description**

Mode parameter documentation

**Arguments**

mode	Character string; either "auto" (default) to compute MCD internally or "manual" to use user-supplied values.
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---

plot.RD	<i>Plot Method for RD Analysis Results</i>
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**Description**

Creates diagnostic plots for robust distance analysis results.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'RD'
plot(x, type = c("histogram", "imputations", "univOut"), method = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	An object of class "RD" from RD() or threshold_RD().
type	Character string specifying plot type: "histogram" (default), "imputations", or "univOut".
method	Character string specifying threshold method. Auto-detected if NULL.
...	Additional arguments passed to plotting functions.

**Value**

A ggplot object.

---

quantile	<i>Quantile parameter documentation</i>
----------	---

---

**Description**

Quantile parameter documentation

**Arguments**

quantile	Numeric in (0,1) specifying the upper quantile for thresholding; the expected False Positive Rate for the chosen threshold.
----------	---

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RD_obj	<i>RD_obj parameter documentation</i>
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**Description**

RD\_obj parameter documentation

**Arguments**

RD_obj	Pre-computed RD_result object from <a href="#">compute_RD</a> .
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RD_org_obj	<i>RD_org_obj parameter documentation</i>
------------	---

---

**Description**

RD\_org\_obj parameter documentation

**Arguments**

RD_org_obj	Output list from <a href="#">compute_RD</a> on the original data. Must contain \$RD, \$S_star, and \$ind_incl.
------------	--

SHASH\_out

*SHASH-based Outlier Detection (Extended)***Description**

Detects univariate outliers using an iterative SHASH fitting process with optional pre-flagging strategies. A SHASH (Sinh-Arcsinh) distribution is fitted to the data iteratively, each time excluding candidate outliers from the fit, until the set of flagged observations converges or `maxit` is reached.

**Usage**

```
SHASH_out(
  x,
  thr0 = 2.58,
  thr1 = 2.58,
  thr = 4,
  tail = c("both", "upper", "lower"),
  use_iso = TRUE,
  thr_iso = 0.6,
  maxit = 100,
  weight_init = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	Numeric vector. May contain NA values; they are excluded from fitting and propagated as NA in all output vectors.
<code>thr0</code>	Positive numeric scalar. Threshold for initial outlier pre-flagging when <code>use_iso = FALSE</code> (default: 2.58).
<code>thr1</code>	Positive numeric scalar. Threshold used to classify observations as inliers during iterative convergence (default: 2.58).
<code>thr</code>	Positive numeric scalar. Final threshold applied to the converged SHASH-normalised scores to declare outliers in the returned output (default: 4).
<code>tail</code>	Character string specifying which tail(s) to check for outliers. Must be one of "both" (default), "upper", or "lower". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "upper": detect upper-tail outliers only.</li> <li>• "lower": detect lower-tail outliers only.</li> <li>• "both": detect two-sided outliers.</li> </ul>
<code>use_iso</code>	Logical. If TRUE (default), uses an isolation forest (via <code>isotree</code> ) to pre-screen candidate outliers before the iterative fitting loop begins.
<code>thr_iso</code>	Numeric scalar in [0, 1]. Isolation forest anomaly score threshold above which observations are treated as candidate outliers during pre-screening (default: 0.6). Only used when <code>use_iso = TRUE</code> .

maxit	Positive integer. Maximum number of fitting iterations before the algorithm stops regardless of convergence (default: 100).
weight_init	Optional logical vector of length $\text{length}(x)$ . If supplied, these weights initialise the iterative fit directly, bypassing both the isolation forest and empirical-rule pre-screening. TRUE means the observation is treated as an inlier in the first iteration.

### Value

A list of class "SHASH\_out" with the following elements:

out_idx	Integer vector. Indices of observations in $x$ that were flagged as outliers at the final threshold thr.
x_norm	Numeric vector. SHASH-normalised scores for every observation (same length as $x$ ; NA where $x$ was NA).
SHASH_coef	Named list with elements mu, sigma, nu, and tau: the fitted SHASH parameter estimates from the final iteration (sigma and tau are on the log scale, as returned by gamlssML).
isotree_scores	Numeric vector of isolation forest anomaly scores (same length as $x$ ). NA when use_iso = FALSE or weight_init was supplied.
initial_weights	Logical vector. Inlier weights used for the very first fitting iteration (same length as $x$ ).
indx_iters	Integer matrix of dimensions $\text{length}(x) \times \text{last\_iter}$ . Each column records which observations were flagged as outliers (value 1) during that iteration.
norm_iters	Numeric matrix of dimensions $\text{length}(x) \times \text{last\_iter}$ . Each column records the SHASH-normalised scores from that iteration.
last_iter	Integer. The number of iterations completed before convergence or hitting maxit.
converged	Logical. TRUE if the inlier weight vector stabilised before reaching maxit.
params	List. A record of all input parameters, stored for reproducibility.

### Examples

```
# --- Example 1: Synthetic data with known injected outliers -----
# Using rnorm lets us inject outliers at known positions so we can verify
# the function finds exactly what we planted.
set.seed(42)
x <- rnorm(200, mean = 10, sd = 2)

# Shift a handful of observations far into the upper tail
outlier_positions <- c(17, 77, seq(190, 200))
x[outlier_positions] <- x[outlier_positions] + 10

result_sim <- SHASH_out(
  x,
  thr0 = 2.58,
  thr1 = 2.58,
  thr = 4,
  tail = "both",
  use_iso = FALSE # skip isolation forest to keep the example fast
```

```

)

result_sim$out_idx    # should recover positions near outlier_positions
result_sim$converged # did the iterative fit stabilise?

# --- Example 2: Real benchmark data (Hawkins-Bradu-Kass) -----
# hbk is a classic outlier detection benchmark shipped with robustbase,
# which this package already imports, so it is always available.
data("hbk", package = "robustbase")

result_hbk <- SHASH_out(
  hbk$X1,
  thr0 = 2.58,
  thr1 = 2.58,
  thr  = 4,
  tail = "both",
  use_iso = FALSE
)

result_hbk$out_idx # flagged observations in the X1 column
result_hbk$SHASH_coef # fitted SHASH parameters; sigma and tau are log-scale

# Which positions were flagged as outliers?
result_hbk$out_idx

# Did the algorithm converge before hitting maxit?
result_hbk$converged

# How many iterations did it take?
result_hbk$last_iter

```

---

SHASH\_transform

*SHASH Data Transformation*


---

## Description

These two functions form a matched pair for transforming data between the SHASH (Sinh-Arcsinh) distribution and the standard normal distribution. `SHASH_to_normal()` maps SHASH-distributed observations onto an approximately normal scale; `normal_to_SHASH()` is the inverse.

## Usage

```
SHASH_to_normal(x, mu, sigma, nu, tau)
```

```
normal_to_SHASH(x, mu, sigma, nu, tau)
```

**Arguments**

x	Numeric vector of values to transform.
mu	Numeric scalar. Location parameter controlling the mean of the SHASH distribution.
sigma	Numeric scalar. Spread parameter on the log scale. The function applies $\exp(\text{sigma})$ internally, so pass the raw coefficient as returned by <code>gamLsML()</code> . Pass $\text{sigma} = 0$ to get unit spread since $\exp(0) = 1$ .
nu	Numeric scalar. Skewness parameter. A value of 0 gives a symmetric distribution.
tau	Numeric scalar. Tail-weight parameter on the log scale. Pass $\text{tau} = 0$ for normal-like tails since $\exp(0) = 1$ .

**Value**

A numeric vector of transformed values, the same length as x.

**Functions**

- `SHASH_to_normal()`: Transforms SHASH-distributed data to approximately normal data.
- `normal_to_SHASH()`: Transforms standard normal data back to the SHASH-distributed scale.

**Examples**

```
set.seed(42)
x <- rnorm(200)
x[c(17, 77)] <- x[c(17, 77)] + 5

mu <- 0; sigma <- 0; nu <- 0; tau <- 0

z <- SHASH_to_normal(x, mu = mu, sigma = sigma, nu = nu, tau = tau)
x_recovered <- normal_to_SHASH(z, mu = mu, sigma = sigma, nu = nu, tau = tau)
all.equal(x, x_recovered)
```

---

summary.F\_result

*Summary method for Hardin & Rocke F results*


---

**Description**

Summary method for Hardin & Rocke F results

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'F_result'
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object            An object of class "F\_result" or "HR\_result"  
 ...              Additional arguments to to method-specific functions.

**Value**

NULL, invisibly

---

summary.MI\_boot\_result

*Summary method for MI\_boot results*

---

**Description**

Summary method for MI\_boot results

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'MI_boot_result'
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object            An object of class "MI\_boot\_result"  
 ...              Additional arguments to to method-specific functions.

**Value**

NULL, invisibly

---

summary.MI\_result

*Summary method for MI results*

---

**Description**

Summary method for MI results

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'MI_result'
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object            An object of class "MI\_result"  
 ...              Additional arguments to to method-specific functions.

**Value**

NULL, invisibly

---

```
summary.SI_boot_result
```

*Summary method for SI\_boot results*

---

**Description**

Summary method for SI\_boot results

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'SI_boot_result'
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object            An object of class "SI\_boot\_result"  
 ...              Additional arguments to to method-specific functions.

**Value**

NULL, invisibly

---

```
summary.SI_result
```

*Summary method for SI results*

---

**Description**

Summary method for SI results

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'SI_result'
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object            An object of class "SI\_result"  
 ...              Additional arguments to to method-specific functions.

**Value**

NULL, invisibly

---

thr	<i>Thr parameter documentation</i>
-----	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Thr parameter documentation

**Arguments**

thr	Threshold multiplier for outlier detection (default = 4).
-----	---

---

threshold_RD	<i>Comprehensive Outlier Detection Using Robust Distance Thresholding</i>
--------------	---

---

**Description**

Performs univariate outlier detection + imputation, robust distance, and multiple thresholding methods.

**Usage**

```
threshold_RD(
  x,
  w = NULL,
  method = c("SI_boot", "MI", "MI_boot", "SI", "F", "SHASH", "all"),
  RD_obj = NULL,
  impute_method = "mean",
  cutoff = 4,
  trans = "SHASH",
  M = 50,
  k = 100,
  alpha = 0.01,
  quantile = 0.01,
  verbose = FALSE,
  boot_quant = 0.95,
  B = 1000
)
```

**Arguments**

x	A numeric matrix or data frame of dimensions $T \times p$ (observations $\times$ variables).
w	A numeric matrix ( $n\_time \times L$ ) of low-kurtosis ICA components used as predictors (required for MI).
method	Character string; one of "all", "SI", "SI_boot", "MI", "MI_boot", "F", "SHASH".

RD_obj	Pre-computed RD_result object from <code>compute_RD</code> .
impute_method	Character string; imputation method for univariate outliers.
cutoff	A numeric value indicating how many MADs away from the median to flag as outliers. The default value is set to be 4.
trans	Character string; transformation method, one of "SHASH" or "robZ".
M	Integer; number of multiply imputed datasets (default = 5).
k	Integer; number of perturbation cycles per imputation (default = 10).
alpha	Significance level used to compute RD threshold (default = 0.01 for 99th percentile).
quantile	Numeric in (0,1) specifying the upper quantile for thresholding; the expected False Positive Rate for the chosen threshold.
verbose	Logical; if TRUE, print progress messages.
boot_quant	Numeric; confidence level for bootstrap confidence intervals (default = 0.95, for 95% CI).
B	Integer; number of bootstrap samples per imputed dataset (default = 1000).

**Value**

A list with:

**thresholds** Result from the specific threshold method, or list of all methods if "all".

**RD\_obj** The robust distance object from `compute_RD()`.

**call** The matched function call.

---

thresh\_result                      *Thresh\_result parameter documentation*

---

**Description**

Thresh\_result parameter documentation

**Arguments**

thresh\_result    A threshold result object from any threshold method containing threshold information.

---

trans                                      *Trans parameter documentation*

---

**Description**

Trans parameter documentation

**Arguments**

trans                                      Character string; transformation method, one of "SHASH" or "robZ".

---

verbose	<i>Verbose parameter documentation</i>
---------	--

---

**Description**

Verbose parameter documentation

**Arguments**

verbose	Logical; if TRUE, print progress messages.
---------	--

---

w	<i>W parameter documentation</i>
---	----------------------------------

---

**Description**

W parameter documentation

**Arguments**

w	A numeric matrix ( $n\_time \times L$ ) of low-kurtosis ICA components used as predictors (required for MI).
---	--

---

x	<i>X parameter documentation</i>
---	----------------------------------

---

**Description**

X parameter documentation

**Arguments**

x	A numeric matrix or data frame of dimensions $T \times p$ (observations $\times$ variables).
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